DPY30602
Programmable Driver Pack

User's Guide



ANAHEIM AUTOMATION

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Section 1:
Introduction
The DPY30602 is a single-axis 3A two-axis bipolar microstep driver/controller containing 2 kbytes of nonvolatile stored programming space, quadrature encoder feedback, and a 125W power supply, all enclosed in a package. It provides flexible, independent control of bipolar stepper motors with a current range from 0.0 - 3.0 amps/phase with microstepping resolutions from 400 steps per revolution to 51,200 steps per revolution from a computer, or any machine controller with a serial port. It is also capable of standalone operation, making it an embedded machine controller. The easy to use Windows software, SMC62WIN, can be used to directly control motion and to program the DPY30602. The DPY30602 also has the ability for real time functions.

The DPY30602 has 40 commands, which are easy-to-remember for direct movement of the stepper motor and communicates via RS485 connection or RS232 connection. A windows driver is provided to communicate with the DPY30602 through a virtual comport from the PC. This driver will turn any USB port into a virtual comport, thus enabling simple serial programs to send information to the DPY30602. To use the SMC62WIN software, the virtual comport driver must be installed. Special functions of the controller include two sets of 8 programmable open collector outputs and 6 TTL, CMOS and 24V compatible inputs, a quadrature encoder input with the ability to autocorrect, an analog input to control either maximum speed or absolute position, registration mark indexing during a slew command, an output that will trigger during an index command at an absolute position, and a thumbwheel input for indexing a motor. The DPY30602 can be powered from 90-135VAC, 50/60Hz.

Description
The driver in the DPY30602 (MBC032562) is a two-axis microstep motor driver that can drive motors rated from 0.0 - 3.0 amps/phase. It can handle 4, 6 and 8-lead motors in a bipolar fashion. The DPY30602's driver features motor current ON/OFF capabilities and a Reduced Current Enable to automatically reduces motor current to 50% of the set value after the last step is made (20msec delay). With the DPY30602, various step resolutions can be implemented using MS1 and MS2. These divisions range from 200 steps per revolution to 12,800 steps per revolution. Protection devices have been added to this driver for short circuit and open circuit conditions. The driver has built-in features to indicate power on (Green LED), Clocks being received (Yellow LED) and fault conditions (Red LED).

The controller in the DPY30602 (PCL602) provides independent programming of acceleration/deceleration, base speed (start up speed), max speed (running speed), jog speed, and the number of steps to be taken in both relative and absolute positioning modes. On absolute positioning moves, the DPY30602 automatically determines the proper direction to go and the number of steps to take. The relative positioning will move a number of steps in the direction that the user defines. The DPY30602 also has specific functions such as *encoder feedback, autocorrection, index-on-the-fly and output-on-the-fly.* An analog input can be used to set either the maximum speed or go to an absolute position based between the upper and lower programmable limits. A seven decade thumbwheel switch can be read for relative indexing. The DPY30602 also has a high level programming command set that includes: branching, looping conditional statements, time delays, text strings, and I/O which the user can use in the programming mode to fully control all machine functionality. A home input, a set of bidirectional hard and soft limit switch inputs and bidirectional jog inputs are provided for each axis. These features are generally required in most machine control designs. 6 testable TTL, CMOS and 24V compatible inputs and 8 programmable open-collector outputs are provided per axis. The I/O may be used for monitoring and controlling machine operation and/or interaxis coordination. The I/O are accessible independent of the busy state of the axis controls. The DPY30602 has a built-in programmable reset circuit. Reset is automatic on power-up, or by pressing the external reset button.

Electrical Specifications

Power Requirements:
90-135 VAC 50/60Hz

Operating Temperature:
0 to 60° C

Pulse Output Range:
1 to 50,000 Hz
10µS negative going pulse width

Inputs (TTL-CMOS):
Logic “0”: 0 to 0.8VDC
Logic “1”: 3.5 to 24VDC
Analog Input 1: 0 to 5VDC
Analog Input 2: 0 to 5VDC

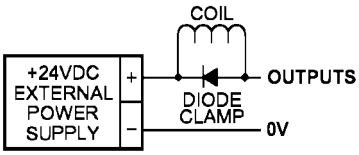
Output Current Rating:
3.0 A/phase maximum running

Baud Rate:
38400 Baud, Fixed

Data Format:
Half-Duplex, 1 start bit, 8 data bits,
no parity, 1 stop bit

Outputs (16 programmable):
Open Drain Type
40V, 100mA
+5VDC Output, 50mA

Output 1 active low time for output on the fly:
50uS



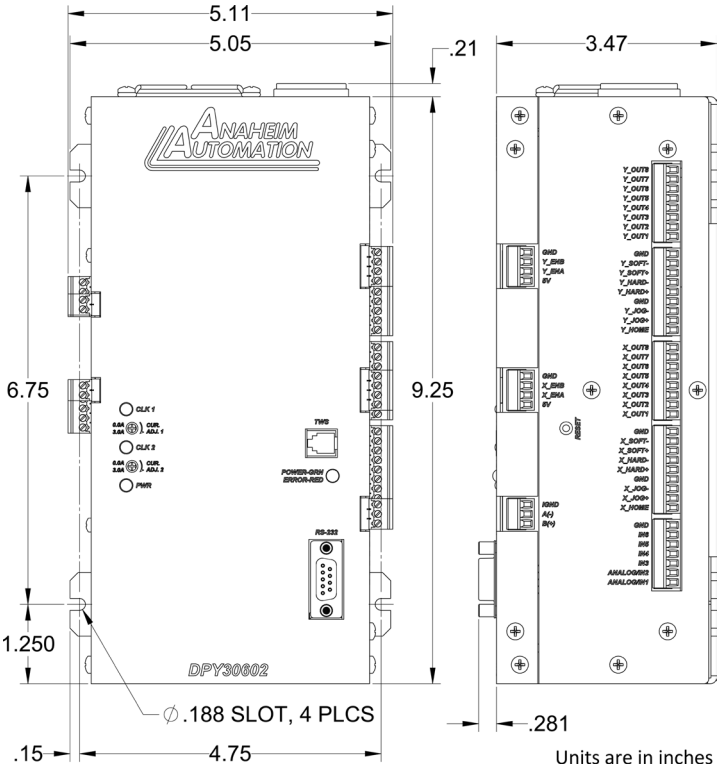
Note: For inductive loads, customers must connect a clamping diode to protect from flyback voltage spikes.

Ordering Information
The table below lists a variety of products available from Anaheim Automation, Inc. These products include those covered by this manual, analog with supporting cables and devices. We are continually adding new products to our line, so please consult Anaheim Automation, Inc. or its representatives for information on the latest releases.

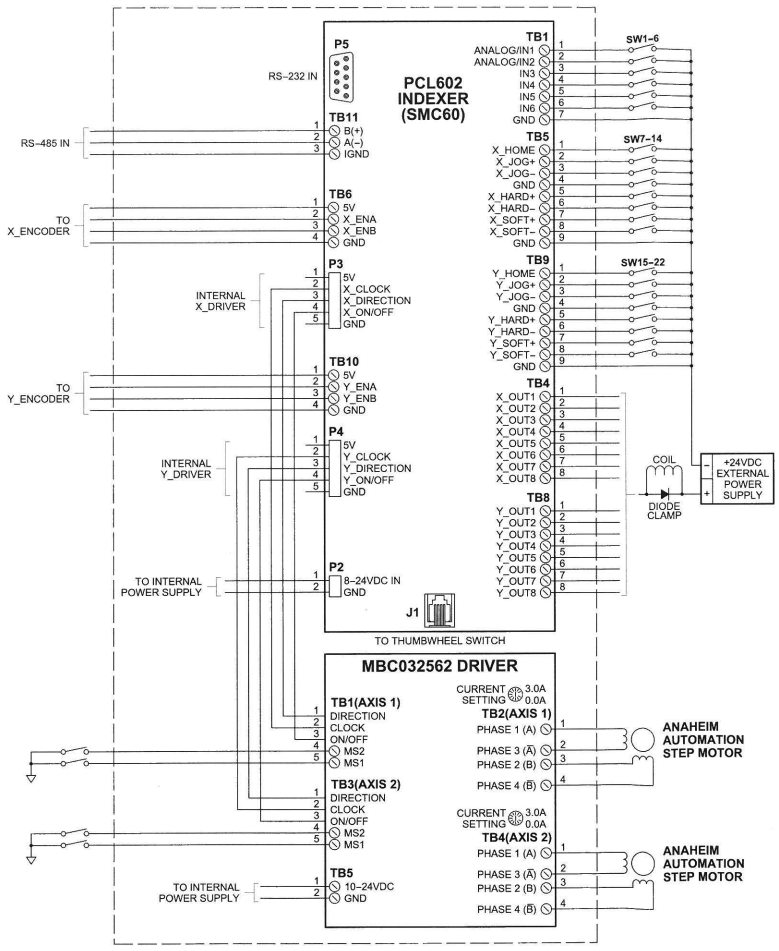
Part Number	Description
DPY30602	Controller/Drive Pack - Features a 3 amp two-axis bipolar drive and 125W power supply.
TWS7	Seven position thumbwheel switch compatible with any SMC62 series controller.
AAUSB-AB-6	6 foot USBcable with one USB-A male connector and one USB-B male connector.

Anaheimautomation.com contains this user’s manual, along with the SMC62WIN software and DPY30602 program examples. The software allows you to write and change programs that are to be stored in the DPY30602 for autostart use, and also upload the program that is store in the DPY30602 itself for editing and viewing. The software also allows you to save the programs onto your computer hard drive, and easily retrieve them when needed.

Dimensions/Switch Locations



Wiring Diagrams



Terminal Descriptions - Driver

Position	Description - Driver Inputs (x-axis)
1	Direction - Connected internally to controllers direction output
2	Clock - Connected internally to controllers clock generator
3	On/Off - Connected internally to controllers on/off output
4	MS1 - Connected externally to ground, controls Microstep division
5	MS2 - Connected externally to ground, controls Microstep division

Position	Description - Driver Inputs (y-axis)
1	Description - Connected internally to controllers direction output
2	Clock - Connnected internally to controllers clock generator
3	On/Off - Connected internally to controllers on/off output
4	MS1 - Connected externally to ground, controls Microstep division
5	MS2 - Connected externally to ground, controls Microstep division

Position	Description - Motor Connection (x-axis)
1	Phase A
2	Phase $\bar{A}$
3	Phase B
4	Phase $\bar{B}$

Position	Description - Motor Connection (y-axis)
1	Phase A
2	Phase $\bar{A}$
3	Phase B
4	Phase $\bar{B}$

Control Microstep Division		
MS1	MS2	Resolution
Active	Active	Div by 2
(open) Inactive	Active	Div by 8
Active	(open) Inactive	Div by 64
(open) Inactive	(open) Inactive	Div by 256

Direction: Active - CW
Inactive(open) - CCW

On/Off: Active - Motor Current Off
Inactive(open) - Motor Current On

(Note: These functions are controlled directly through SMC62WIN or by internal program of the DPY30602.**)**

Terminal Descriptions - Controller

Position	Description - Encoder (X and Y)
1	+5VDC supply for encoder
2	A channel for encoder
3	B channel for encoder
4	Ground return for encoder

Position	Description - Limit Switch Inputs
1	Home Limit
2	Jog +
3	Jog -
4	Ground
5	Hard Limit +
6	Hard Limit -
7	Soft Limit +
8	Soft Limit -
9	Ground

Position	Description - RS232 Connection
1	B(+) Transmit pin RS232
2	A(-) Receive pin RS232
3	Ground

Position	Description - Inputs
1	Input 1 - Analog input X
2	Input 2 - Analog input Y
3	Input 3 - Index on the fly Input X
4	Input 4 - Index on the fly Input Y
5	Input 5
6	Input 6
7	Ground

Position	Description - Outputs (X and Y)
1	Output 1 - Output on the fly output
2	Output 2
3	Output 3
4	Output 4
5	Output 5
6	Output 6
7	Output 7
8	Output 8 - Encoder retries error output

Position	Description - Encoder (X and Y)
1	+5VDC Supply for opto-isolated driver inputs
2	Clock output (connected internally to driver)
3	Direction output (connected internally to driver)
4	Motor current on/off output (connected internally to driver)
5	Ground reference for non opto-isolated driver inputs

Control Communication Version

Position	Description
1	SW2 to the left = RS485
2	SW2 to the right = RS232

Connector Descriptions - Controller

Switch	Description
J1	This connector is for the thumbwheel module and is labeled TWS.

Section 2: Driver Functions

Motor Selection

The DPY30602 incorporates a two-axis Bipolar Microstep Driver that is compatible with both Bipolar and Unipolar Motor Configurations, (i.e. 8 and 4 lead motors, and 6 lead tapped motors).

Step motors with low current ratings and high inductance will perform better at low speeds, providing higher low-end torque. Motors with high current ratings and low inductance will perform better at higher speeds, providing more high-end torque.

Since the DPY30602 is a constant current source, it is not necessary to use motor that is rated at the same voltage as the supply voltage. What is important is that the driver is set to the appropriate current level based on the motor being used. Refer to the following chart for setting the current potentiometer based on the current code in the part number of the motor. Examples of motor part numbers are shown below. Anaheim Automation offers a comprehensive live of step motors in 14, 17, 23, 34 and 42 frame sizes. Contact the factory to verify motor compatibility with the DPY30602.

Step Motor Current Setting Guide

Motor Example	Motor Current Number Code	Unipolar Rating	Series Peak Rating	Parallel Peak Rating	Series Current Setting	Parallel Current Setting
17Y201S-LW4	01	0.28 A	0.28 A	0.56 A	10%	20%
08Y302D-LW4	02	0.8 A	0.8 A	1.6 A	20%	50%
14Y002S-LW4	02	0.6 A	0.6 A	1.2 A	20%	40%
17Y302S-LW4	02	0.85 A	0.85 A	1.7 A	30%	50%
08Y403D-LW4	03	1.1 A	1.1 A	2.2 A	30%	70%
23Y204S-LW8	04	1.4 A	1.4 A	2.8 A	40%	90%
17Y305S-LW4	05	1.68 A	1.68 A	3.36 A	50%	100%

Table selection for Anaheim Automation motor current settings.

Anaheim Automation offers motor cable, making hook-ups quick and easy! Contact the factory or visit our website for more motor and cable offerings.

Setting the Output Current

The output current on the DPY30602 is set by two potentiometers that independently control each axis. The potentiometers determine the per phase peak output current of the driver. The relationship between the output current and the potentiometers' values is as follows.

Peak Current	Potentiometer Setting	Peak Current	Potentiometer Setting
0.0A	0%	1.8A	60%
0.3A	10%	2.1A	70%
0.6A	20%	2.4A	80%
0.9A	30%	2.7A	90%
1.2A	40%	3.0A	100%
1.5A	50%	--	--

Potentiometer values with respect to the output current.

Reducing Output Current

Reducing the output current is accomplished automatically and occurs approximately 20mSec after the last clock input has been received. The amount of current per phase in the reduction mode is approximately 50% of the set current. When the current reduction circuit is activated, the current reduction resistor is paralleled with the current adjustment potentiometer. This lowers the total resistance value, and thus lowers the per phase output current.

Determining Output Current

The output current for the motor used when microstepping is determined differently from that of a full/half step unipolar driver. In the DPY30602, a sine/cosine output function is used in rotating the motor. The output current for a given motor is determined by the motors current and the wiring configuration of the motor. There is two current adjustment potentiometers used to set the output current of each axis in the DPY30602. This sets the peak output current of the sine/cosine waves. The specified motor current (which is the unipolar value) is multiplied by a factor of 1.0, 1.4, or 2.0 depending on the motor configuration (series, half-coil, or parallel).

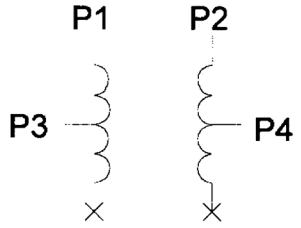
Step Motor Configurations

Step motors can be configured as 4, 6, or 8 leads. Each configuration requires different currents. Refer to the lead configurations and the procedures to determine their output current.

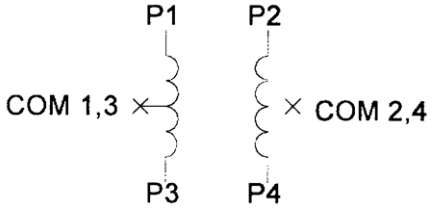
Warning! Step motors will run hot even when configured correctly. Damage may occur to the motor if a higher than specified current is used.

6 Lead Motors

When configuring a 6 lead motor in a half-coil configuration (connected from one end of the coil to the center tap), multiply the specified per Phase (or unipolar) current rating by 1.4 to determine the current setting potentiometer value. This configuration will provide more torque at higher speeds when compared to the series configuration.

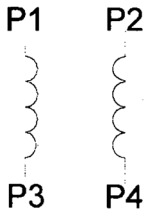


When configuring the motor in a series configuration (connected from end to end with the center tap floating) use the specified per phase (or unipolar) current rating to determine the current setting potentiometer value.



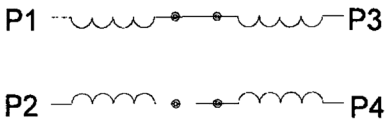
4 Lead Motors

Multiply the specified **series** motor current by 1.4 to determine the current adjustment potentiometer value. 4 lead motors are usually rated with their appropriate series current, as opposed to the *Phase Current*, which is the rating for 6 and 8 lead motors.

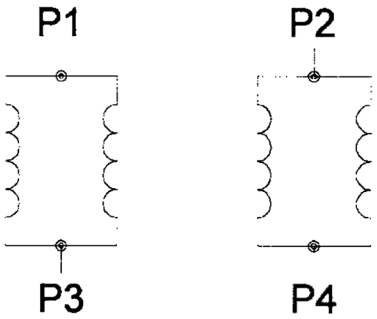


8 Lead Motors

Series Connection: When configuring the motor windings in series, use the per phase (or unipolar) current rating to determine the current setting potentiometer value.



Parallel Connection: When configuring the motor windings in parallel, multiply the per phase (or unipolar) current rating by 2.0 to determine the current setting potentiometer value.



Note: After the current has been determined, according to the motor connections above, use Table 3 to choose the proper setting for the current setting potentiometer.

Connecting the Step Motor

Phase 1 and 3 of the Step Motor is connected between pins 1 and 2 on the motor connector (TB2 and TB4). Phase 2 and 4 of the Step Motor is connected between pins 3 and 4 on the motor connector (TB2 and TB4). The motors case can be grounded to pin 5 on the motor connector (TB2 and TB4). Refer to figures 2, 3, & 4 for TYPICAL APPLICATION HOOK-UP.

Note: The physical direction of the motor with respect to the direction input will depend on the connection of the motor windings. To reverse the direction of the motor with respect to the direction input, switch the wires on Phase 1 and Phase 3.

WARNING! Do not connect or disconnect motor wires while power is applied!

Short-Circuit, Mis-Wire, and Over-Current Conditions

If it is found that there is a condition that causes an over current in the driver phase transistors, the Red LED will turn on solid and power will be shut off to the motor. To reset the drive turn power off, check wiring, and turn power back on.

Section 3: Controller Functions

Methods of Communication

There are two methods for sending commands to the DPY30602. One is to directly talk to the DPY30602 by using Direct Talk Mode. This is usually used with a computer or PLC (Programmable Logic Controller), where the computer or PLC gives the DPY30602 serial commands to off-load its processor. For example: A PLC can utilize its outputs to toggle the DPY30602's inputs and gain control of variable speeds, variable programs, variable distances, etc. Simply using the DPY30602 as the intelligent pulse generator, a PLC can remove some of the tasks that were not meant for ladder logic or any PLC processing time.

The second way to give commands to the DPY30602 is to use the software program SMC62WIN to either manually control, or to write and send programs. This method is used when the DPY30602 is the main controller. For example: A DPY30602 can replace simple motion control and replace I/O functional when minimal quantities of I/O are required to control specific machinery. Simple motion profiles that can operate with 6 or less inputs and 8 or less outputs can utilize a DPY30602 controller.

Baud Rate

A term used frequently is serial data communications, a "baud" is defined as the reciprocal of the shortest pulse duration in a data word signal, including start, stop, and parity bits. This is often taken to mean the same as "bits per second", a term that expresses only the number of "data" bits per second. Very often, the parity bit is included as an information or data bit. **The DPY30602 accepts a baud rate of 38400 only**.

Axis Selection

Each DPY30602 is addressed using a programmable register allowing the PC to address up to 99 DPY30602's from one port. The Default axis is "0". To change the axis, use the SMC62WIN software or the "~" command. To verify or check the axis, use the SMC62WIN software or the "%" command. The axis designation is nonvolatile and will remain the same until changed by the user.

Controller Status LED

When powered and operated properly, the status LED will be green. When an error occurs, the LED will change to RED, and an error code will be generated in the error code register. To read and clear the error with software, click on the "Verify Parameters" button located in the "Motion Tab". To read and clear the error while in "Direct Mode", use the error code "!" command. Once the error has been read and cleared, the LED will return to green and the error code register will be cleared to 0. Refer to the table on page 39 for a complete list of the error codes.

Technical Support

Everyone needs assistance on occasion. If you have problems using any of the equipment covered by this manual, please read the manual to see if it will answer your questions. Be sure to look in the Trouble-shooting Section located near the back of this manual. If you need assistance beyond what this manual can provide, you may call the factory direct for application assistance. If possible, have this manual in hand. It is often helpful to have the controller connected to a computer with the software installed.

Functions List

Move Number of Steps: This command causes the motion to start in the direction last specified. This command will move the motor the number of steps given. (Range: 1 to 8388607)

Move to Position: The move to position command specifies the next absolute position to go to. The DPY30602 controller automatically sets the direction and number of steps needed to go to that position. (Range: -8388607 to +8388607)

Slew: The slew command will accelerate the motor up to maximum speed and continue to run at that speed until reaching a registration mark, hard limit switch, soft limit switch, receiving a "." (stop hard) or "," (stop soft) command.

Set Position: The set position command sets the position register to a designated value. The number will be the new absolute position of the motor. The default value is 0. (Range: -8388607 to +8388607)

Limit Switch Inputs: The limit switch inputs are internally pulled up by a resistor making them normally +5V. To activate the input, the pin must be grounded to (0VDC). All limit switch inputs are internally clamped to +5V, thus allowing voltages of up to +24VDC to be used.

Hard Limit Inputs: When a hard limit switch is encountered, the motion will stop immediately. The position counter will also cease counting. *Hard limits are intended as an emergency stop for your system. It should not be used to do any positioning type functions.* These limits are directional.

Soft limit Inputs: These switches should be used exclusively for homing. Once positioned properly with the appropriate parameters, it causes the motor to ramp down to the base speed before encountering the home limit switch. However, the soft limit switch will work for any type of motion command. These limits are directional.
NOTE: Whenever a soft limit switch is activated, the motor will decelerate and run at base speed during an indexing move, or stop during a slewing move. Be sure to come back past the soft limit switch to set any origins, otherwise the motor will decelerate as it goes past the soft limit switch during normal operation.

Home Limit Input: This switch is used to establish a position designated "home" or datum position using the following: home to *soft and home limit*, or home to *home limit*. This limit is not directional.

Home to Soft, Home Limit (2 Switch Operation): This type of homing routine requires two grounding type limit switched called home and soft. The first limit switch seen is the soft limit. This will decelerate the motor down to base speed. The motor will then continue to run at base speed until it contacts the home limit switch input causing the motor to stop. The home limit switch activates as a hard limit if a soft limit is not sensed. The soft limit is directional, meaning that it will work in only one direction as specified. The soft limit switch will work for any type of motion command. The home limit switch will work only for the two home motion commands.
NOTE: There should be sufficient distance between the two limit switches, as to let the motor reach base speed.

Home to Home Limit (1 Switch Operation): This type of homing differs in that only one limit switch is needed. In this homing routine the motor moves toward the home limit switch. When the home limit switch is contacted the motor will ramp down to base speed, reverse direction and continue at base speed until the limit switch is released. This is a good way to compensate for any backlash in a system. It is also useful for minimizing the number of limit switches needed for homing.

Jog Inputs: The jog switch inputs are internally pulled up by a resistor making them normally +5 volts. To activate the input, the pin must be grounded to (0VDC). All jog switch inputs are internally clamped to +5V, thus allowing voltages of up to +24VDC to be used. Jog is a manual function. The user can select the direction and speed (fast or slow) by grounding the appropriate combinations of inputs. To jog a motor, it is necessary to ground the jog input for the direction desired. For fast jog, both the fast input and jog input for the appropriate direction must be low at the same time. By grounding one of the jog inputs, the user causes the motor to run at base speed. When the fast input is grounded, the motor will then accelerate to the programmed jog speed. The position register will keep track of the number of steps that are taken during jogging. Once a +jog or a -jog function has been performed, the direction register will retain the last direction of movement; that is, a subsequent go command will be in the same direction as the last jog command.

Inputs: All inputs (except input 1) are internally pulled up by a resistor making them normally +5V. To activate the input, the pin must be grounded to (0VDC). All inputs are internally clamped to +5V, thus allowing voltages of up to +24VDC to be used. Six inputs are provided per axis. The inputs are TTL, CMOS and 24V compatible. The inputs may be used to initiate a machine cycle, for inter-axis coordination (in stored program mode), for operator intervention, for sensing a machine condition such as out of stock or wait temperature to be reached, etc. A ground input will read a “0” and an open or high input will read as a “1”. Input 1 is a special input that is capable of reading an analog voltage between 0 and +5VDC. Since this input does not have a pull-up resistor, biasing of this input is needed if it is not used as an analog input. Inputs 5 and 6 are used together with the thumbwheel switch. To use inputs 5 and 6, SW2 of the controller must be in the IN5/6 position. If SW2 of the controller is in the TWS position, then these two inputs are not connected to the input port of the processor.

Analog Input: Input 1 can be configured to read an analog voltage to either set the absolute position of the motor or to set the maximum speed of the motor.
The set the position, when told via the *go to analog position* command, the input will read a voltage between 0 and +5VDC and based on the “upper and lower” limits of the function, a move will occur to a calculated position between the two limits. The motor must finish the move before it can be told to read the input again for the next position. For example, if the lower limit is set to 0 and the upper limit is set to 5000 and the analog position is set at +2.0VDC, then the motor will move to position 2000. Changing the lower limit to 1000 and the voltage to +3.2VDC, the motor will move to position 3560. See examples below for calculations of the analog inputs. (Range of limits: 0 to 65535 and the lower limit < upper limit)
To set the max speed, when told via the set analog speed command the input will read a voltage between 0 and +5VDC, and based on the “upper and lower” limits of the function, a max speed can be obtained based on a calculated frequency between the two points. The speed however can not be changed when the DPY30602 is busy (moving). See examples below for calculations of the analog inputs. (Range of limits: 0 to 50000 and the lower limit < upper limit)

Analog Calculations	**Example 1:**	**Example 2:**
(Upper-Lower) * (Voltage/5) = X	(5000 - 0) * (2/5) = 2000	(5000 - 1000) * (3.2/5) = 2560
Lower + X = Position or Frequency	0 + 2000 = 2000	1000 + 2560 = 3560

Outputs: Eight outputs are provided per axis. Outputs may be used to operate relays, coolant valves, air cylinders, or, with the correct interfacing, any electronically controlled device. The outputs can drive all types of common peripheral power loads, including lamps, relays, solenoids, LED's, printer heads, and heaters. For inductive loads, it will be necessary to connect a clamping diode (refer to specification section) from the output to the power source in order to provide adequate fly-back protection. The outputs are current sinking, open collector darlingtons. They are capable of sinking up to 100mA per output with voltages up to 40VDC. Turning an output on will pull the output pin to ground and turning an output off will make the output pin open. Output 1 has a special function (output on the fly) that will enable it to be triggered at a certain absolute position during a move. Output 8 has a special function that will trigger when the encoder retries function fails.

Output on the fly: This special function enables output 1 to turn on during a relative index or absolute move. There are three critical portions of information needed to make this function work correctly. First, output 1 will turn on (0VDC) for a preset delay of 50uS at a specific absolute position set by the *1st output position command*. Second, the output can then repeat this after a preset amount of steps set by the *number of steps between outputs* command, and third a predetermined amount of times to set the output is required by the *number of outputs* command which determines the preset amount of times to trigger the output. So if you start at position 0 and want to move to an absolute position of 10,000, you can set output 1 to turn on at position 2000, and every 1000 steps after that 5 times. So at position 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000, and 6000 output 1 will turn on for 50uS. To only have the output turn on at one position set both the "*number of steps between outputs*" and the "*number of outputs*" commands to 0. This function must be enabled, and will only work during a relative index or absolute position move. The output will trigger while going in either direction. If you do not want the output to trigger in the negative direction, the function must be turned off before the index move is started.

Index on the Fly: This special function uses Input 2 when a motor is slewing to move a predetermined amount of steps, set with the registration index command, before stopping. This function must be enabled, and will only work during a slew move. The registration index must be set before movement begins. (Range: 1 to 8388607)

End of Program: The end of program command, used within a stored program, stops execution of the program. This command must be used at the end of all programs.

Wait: In stored program mode, the wait command pauses the program for the specified number of milliseconds. (Range:1 to 65535)

If/Then Statements: The if/then statements are conditional based on the values preset in the program. The user can either test each individual input or all inputs at once. If the input or input register matches the given value or values, then the program will execute the next line. If the input or input register does not match the given value, the program will skip the next line and execute the following line. An open input is read as a 1, and a grounded input is read as a 0.

Branching or Goto Statements: The go to instruction will have the program jump to the given label.

Return from Subroutine: This function can be placed anywhere in the program as long as a go to statement has already been executed. The program will jump back to the last go to statement encountered and executed the next line in the program.

Inner and Outer Loop: The loop instructions allow the user to loop a program a variable number of times. The program will loop to the designated label location of the program. However, the label must always be at a lower line number than the loop instruction itself. You can only nest inner loops inside an outer loop. You may not nest an inner loop inside an inner loop, or an outer loop inside an outer loop. Multiple nested inner loops are allowed in one outer loop.

Finish Move: When writing a program, the finish move command is used directly after every motion command. When using this command, the DPY30602 internally generates a busy signal and will wait until the move is complete before executing any further commands. Unless the finish move command is used, the DPY30602 will continue to execute the program. If it encounters a command that cannot be used when the motor is moving, the DPY30602 will error and stop the program prematurely.

Repeat Last Move: This command will move the motor the number of steps given in the last indexing move. This command will not work correctly if the encoder auto correct function is enabled.

Encoder Commands: The DPY30602 controller is capable of using a quadrature incremental encoder with A and B channels.

Encoder Auto Correct: This command will enable or disable the encoder feature of the DPY30602. When enabled, the encoder function will compare the desired position with the actual encoder position. If it is not in the correct position a correction move will be made.

Encoder Delay: This sets the wait time, which is a specified number of milliseconds after a relative index or absolute move is finished, prior to reading the encoder. This is used to remove the ringing that might be associated with the mechanics of the system. (Range: 0 to 65535)

Encoder Motor Ratio: This represents the ratio for the number of encoder pulses to one motor step. This ratio must be a whole number. For example, given a 1000 line quadrature encoder and a 400 step/revolution motor, the motor ratio is (1000 * 4)/400 = 10 (Range: 1 to 255 and must be a whole number).

Encoder Retries: This is the number of times the DPY30602 will try to auto correct the motor shaft position before producing an error. When the error is produce, Output 8 is triggered. (Range: 0 to 255)

Encoder Window: This is the allowable error in encoder pulses (either plus or minus) from the desired position that is allowed before the motor auto corrects. (Range: 0 to 255)

Thumbwheel Index: This special function allows a thumbwheel with up to 7 decades to be used with

Acceleration/Deceleration: The acceleration and deceleration are the same value. The acceleration is entered directly as steps/sec^2 and controls the time that the motor will take to move from base speed to max speed, and from max speed to base speed. The higher the value, the faster the motor will accelerate. The same principal applies for the deceleration which is controlling the time it takes to go from the max speed to base speed. (Range: 100 to 9,999,999)

Base Speed: The base speed is the speed at which motion starts and stops. It is entered directly as the number of steps per second. This speed must always be less than the max speed and jog speed. (Range: 1 to 5000)

Max Speed: The max speed is the top speed the user wants the motor to run. This speed must always be greater than the base speed. It is entered directly as the number of steps per second. (Range: 1 to 50000)

Jog Speed: The jog speed sets the fast jog rate. Jog (+/-) is used to run at base speed. The FJOG pin when grounded, will ramp the motor to the set jog speed. This speed must always be greater than the base speed. It is entered directly as the number of steps per second. (Range: 1 to 50000)

Motor Current: This command will control the ON/OFF output which is designed to connect to the ON/OFF input of Anaheim Automation's step motor drivers. To energize and allow current to flow through the coil of the motor, set the value to on. To de-energize and turn the current off to the motor, set the value to off. This is dedicated output and not controlled with the output register.

Verify: The verify command causes the DPY30602 controller to send data back to the PC or PLC. The data is sent as an ASCII decimal string followed by a carriage return and a line feed.

Section 4: SMC62WIN Software

The SMC62WIN software is a handy utility that supports Anaheim Automation's line of DPY30602's step motor controllers. Connecting your PC to the DPY30602, via a USB cable, the SMC62WIN software can easily perform the following tasks:

- Exercise and monitor the DPY30602 unit
- Write and edit stored programs for standalone operation
- Directly communicate with the DPY30602 unit

Installation

Software

- Anaheimautomation.com, contains the setup program and the SMC62WIN software, DPY30602 manual and sample programs.
- SMC62WIN software is compatible with Windows 10 and 11.

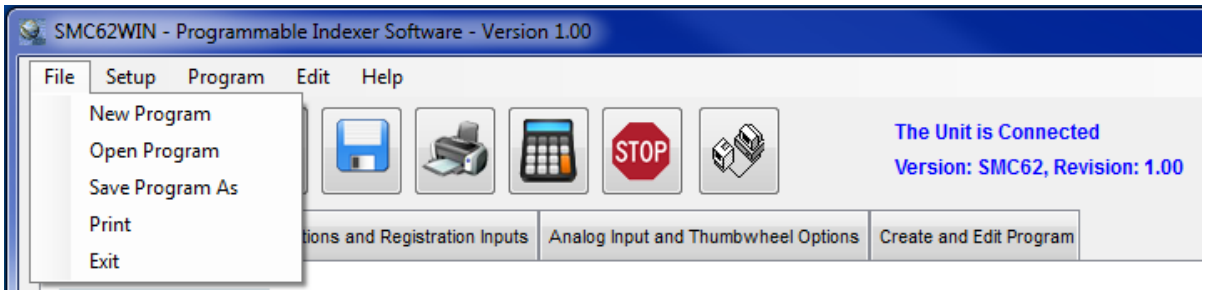
Getting Started

1. Double click on the SMC62WIN icon to run the SMC62WIN software.
2. Apply power to the DPY30602 unit.
3. Set the appropriate communication setting by selecting Setup │ Com Port Settings from the menu bar. (Ctrl+M is a shortcut)
4. Set the appropriate axis setting by selecting Setup │ Axis from the menu bar. (Ctrl+A is a shortcut)
5. Establish communications with the DPY30602 by clicking on the Connect Icon, or select Setup│Connect from the menu bar. If the unit is connected properly, the program will notify you when communication has been established. (Ctrl+C is a shortcut)

Changing the COM Port Number of the RS485/RS232 port

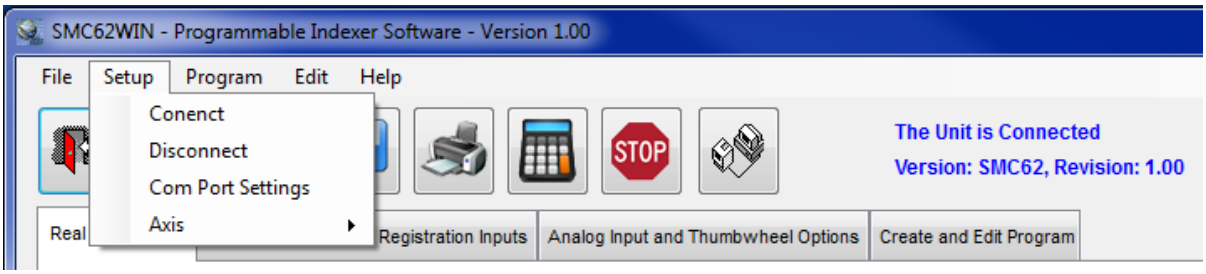
1. From ***DeviceManager***, select ***"View devices by type",*** then ***"Ports (COM & LPT)"***. Select the USB serial port and click ***Properties***. Select the ***"Port Settings"*** tab, then click ***Advanced.***
2. Choose the required COM port number from the list and click ***OK.***

File Menu



New Program	Start editing a new program.
Open Program	Open an existing program from disk.
Save Program As	Save the current program to disk.
Print...	Print the current program.
Exit	Exit the SMC62WIN software.

Setup Menu



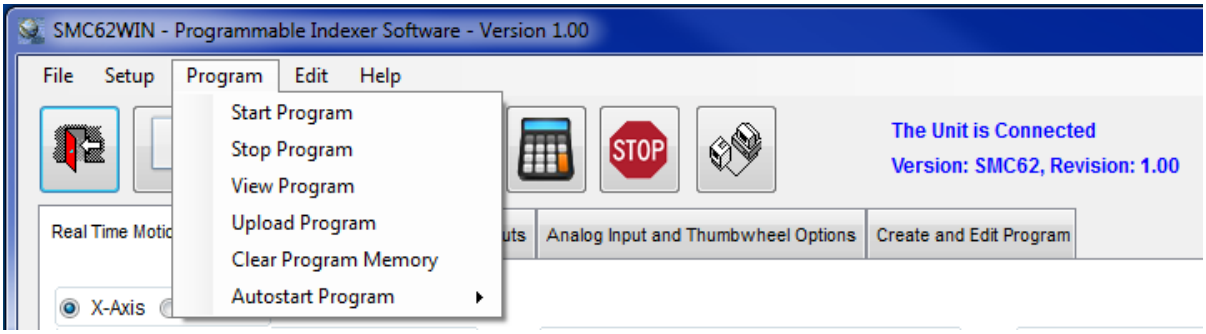
Connect	Establish communications with the controller.
Disconnect	Release the COM port for other devices to use.
Com Port Settings	Select COM port.
Axis	Set axis selection and stored axis of the controller.

Setup - Axis Menu



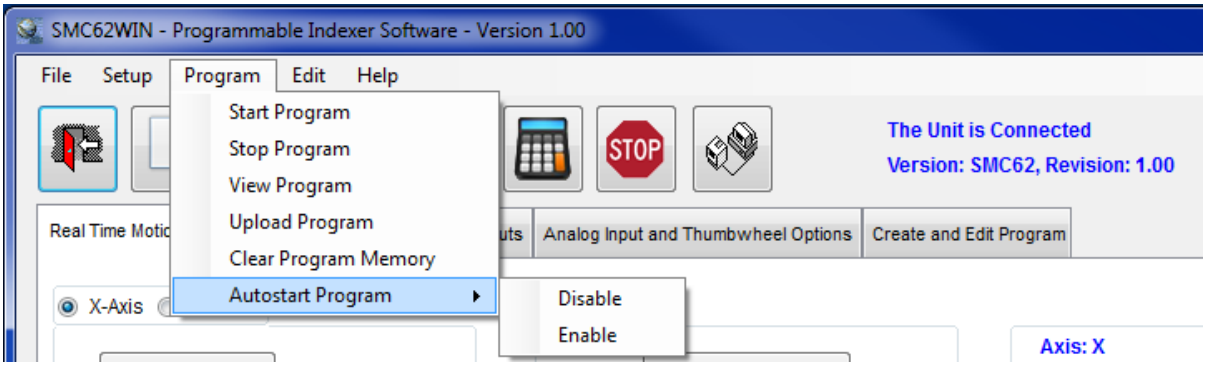
Select Axis	Sets the axis select parameter in the SMC62WIN software. (1-99)
Define Axis	Sets the programmable address in the controller. (1-99)

Program Menu



Start Program	Start the execution of the program in the controller memory.
Stop Program	Stop the execution of the program in the controller memory.
View Program	View the program stored in the controller memory.
Clear Program Memory	Clear the program memory in the controller.
Autostart Program	Turn the autostart function on or off.

Program - Autostart Program Menu



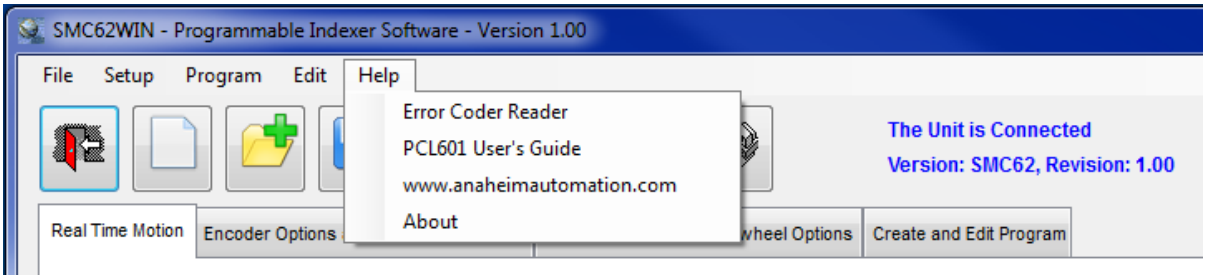
Disable	Program will disable the execution of a stored program at power up.
Enable	Program will start execution when controller is powered up.

Edit Menu



Add	Adds a new line of code to the end of the progam.
Change	Edits the currently selected line of code.
Insert	Insert a new line of code before the currently selected line of code.
Delete	Deletes the currently selected line of code.

Help Menu



Error Coder Reader	Utility to read the error code generated by the DPY30602 controller.
PCL602 User's Guide	Opens up the User's Guide in .pdf format.
www.anaheimautomation.com	Opens up the Anaheim Automation Website.
About	Displays the version of the SMC62WIN and contact information.

"The Unit is Connected" / "The Unit is NOT Connected"

On the right of the Toolbar, the user will find the communication status of the DPY30602 controller. If communications are not established, please refer to the Troubleshooting Section.





Toolbar



Exit **New** **Open** **Save** **Print** **Calculator** **Stop** **Connect**

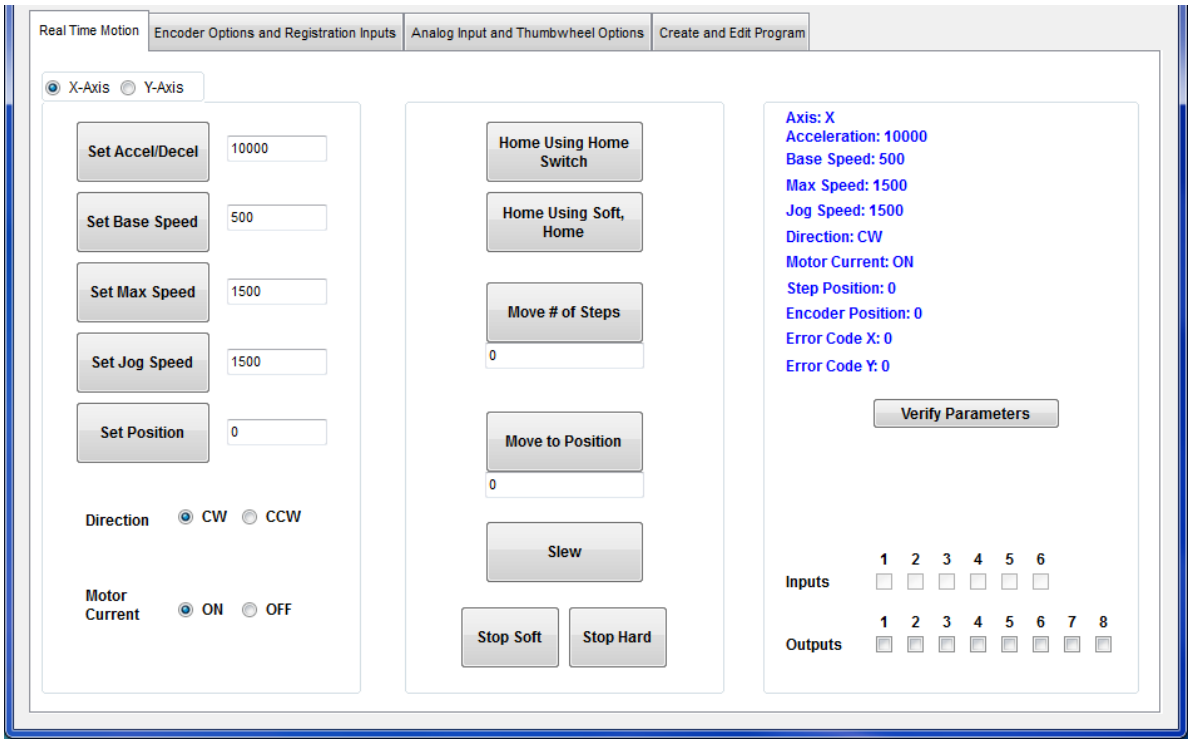
Exit	Exit the SMC62WIN software.
New	Start editing a new program.
Open	Open an existing program from disk or directory.
Save	Save the current program to disk or directory.
Print	Print the current program.
Calculator	Open the desktop calculator.
Stop All	Stop the program and all motion from running.
Connect	Establish communication with the controller.

Tab Sheets



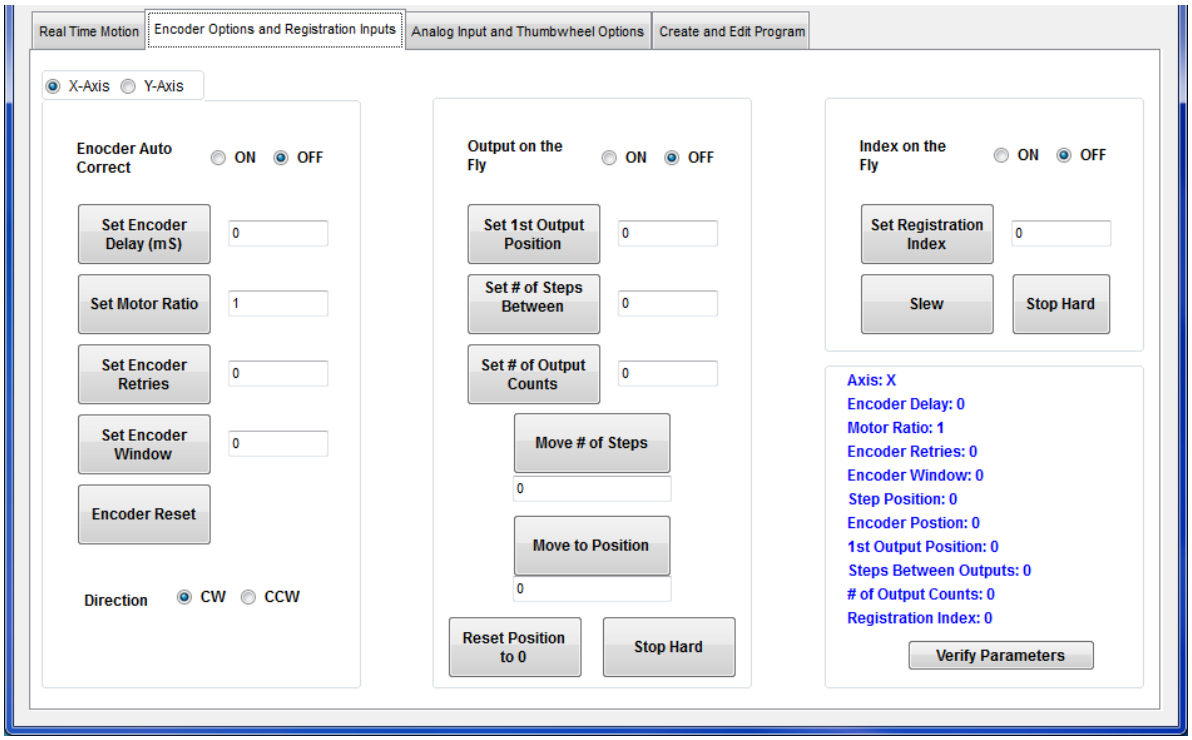
Real Time Motion	Monitor and control motion of the controller.
Encoder Options and Registration Inputs	Monitor and change settings for encoder options, input on the fly and output on the fly.
Analog Input and Thumbwheel Options	Monitor and change settings to Analog Inputs and the thumbwheel switches.
Create and Edit Programs	Write and edit DPY30602 stored programs.
X-Axis / Y-Axis	Selects the axis that is to execute the commands being sent.

Tab Sheets - Real Time Motion



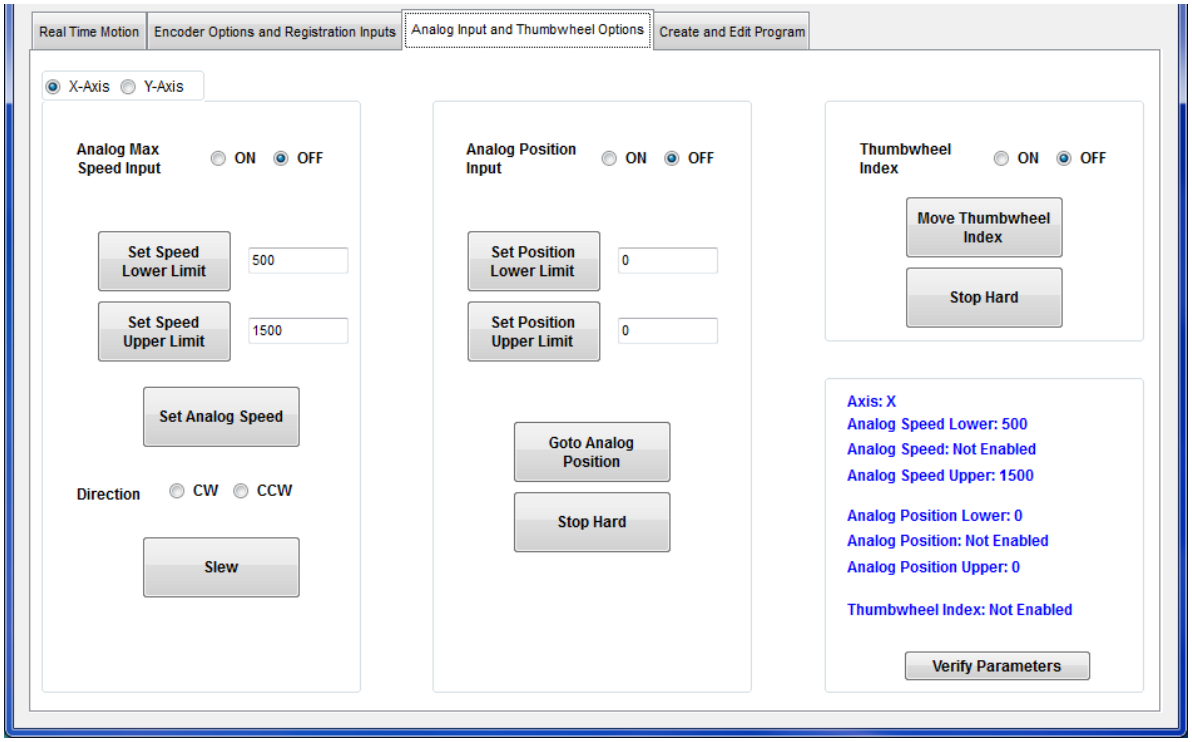
Set Accel/Decel	Send acceleration & deceleration parameter to controller. (step/sec^2)
Set Base Speed	Send base speed parameter to the controller. (step/sec)
Set Max Speed	Send maximum speed parameter to the controller. (step/sec)
Set Jog Speed	Send jog speed parameter to the controller. (step/sec)
Set Position	Set motor position.
Set Direction	Set direction to clockwise or counter-clockwise.
Set Motor Current	Set the current in the motor on or off.
Home using (Home Switch)	Motor will seek the home position by moving towards home switch which will stop the motor, reverse the motor direction and stop when the home limit switch is no longer triggered. (One switch is required to stop anti-backlash)
Home using (Soft and Home Switches)	Motor will seek the home position by moving towards home switch but motor will slow down to base speed when the soft switch is triggered, followed by triggering the home switch to stop motion. (Two switches are required to stop)
Move number of steps	Motor will move number of steps entered.
Move to Position	Motor will move to specified position.
Slew	Motor will ramp up to maximum speed and keep moving until stop motion is triggered.
Stop Soft	Ramp motor down to base speed and stop.
Stop Hard	Stop any motor motion immediately.
Inputs	View inputs. (checked = On, blank = Off)
Outputs	View and trigger outputs. (checked = ON, blank = OFF)
Verify Parameters	Updates and displays controllers parameters sheet and resets the error codes.

Tab Sheets - Encoder Options and Registration Inputs



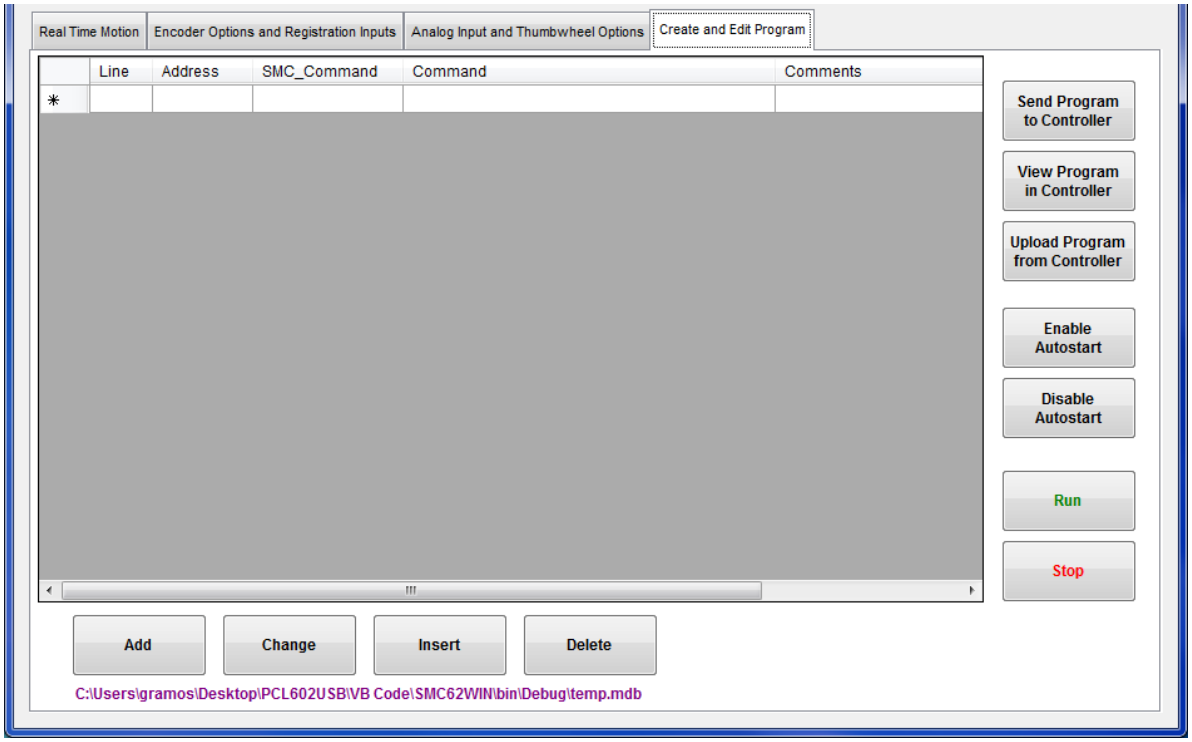
Encoder Auto Correct	Set the encoder autocorrect feature on or off.
Set Encoder Delay	Send the encoder delay parameter to the controller. (ms)
Set Motor Ratio	Send the encoder pulse to motor step ratio to the controller.
Set Encoder Retries	Send the number of encoder autocorrect retries to the controller. When the autocorrect errors, Output 8 will be triggered.
Set Encoder Window	Send the encoder window to the controller.
Encoder Reset	Reset the encoder count to 0 in the controller.
Output on the Fly	Set the output on the fly feature on or off.
Set 1st Output Position	Send the 1st position to set the output to the controller.
Set # of Steps Between Outputs	Send # of steps to take between activated outputs to the controller.
Set # of Output Counts	Send # of output counts to the controller.
Move # of Steps	Motor will move number of steps entered.
Reset Position to 0	Reset the controller position to 0 (zero).
Stop Hard	Stop any motor motion immediately.
Index on the Fly	Set the index on the fly feature on or off.
Set Registration Index	Send registration index to controller.
Slew	Motor will ramp up to maximum speed and keep moving until the index on the fly input is activated or a stop motion is triggered.
Stop Hard	Stop any motor motion immediately.
Verify Parameters	Updates and displays controllers parameters for this tab sheet.

Tab Sheets - Analog Input and Thumbwheel Options



Analog Max Speed Input	Sets the analog speed input feature on or off.
Set Speed Lower Limit	Send the analog speed lower limit to the controller.
Set Speed Upper Limit	Send the analog speed upper limit to the controller.
Set Analog Speed	Sets the max speed based on analog voltage measured at input.
Analog Position Speed Input	Sets the analog position input feature on or off.
Set Position Lower Limit	Send the analog position lower limit to the controller.
Set Position Upper Limit	Send the analog position upper limit to the controller.
Set Analog Position	Motor will move to position based on analog voltage measured at input.
Stop Hard	Stop any motor motion immediately.
Thumbwheel Index	Sets the thumbwheel index feature on or off.
Move Thumbwheel index	Motor will move number of steps set by the thumbwheel switches.
Stop Hard	Stop any motor motion immediately.
Verify Parameters	Updates and displays controllers parameters for this tab sheet.

Tab Sheets - Create and Edit Program



Send Program to Controller	Send current program to the controller.
View Program in Controller	View program in the controller memory.
Upload Program in Controller	Upload the program in the controller for editing and saving.
Enable Autostart	Program will start when controller is powered up.
Disable Autostart	Program will only execute when run is clicked.
Run	Execute the program in the controller memory.
Stop	Abort program execution.
Add	Adds a new line of code to the end of the program.
Change	Edits the currently selected line of code.
Insert	Insert a new line of code before the currently selected line of code.
Delete	Deletes the currently selected line of code.

DPY30602 Memory Available

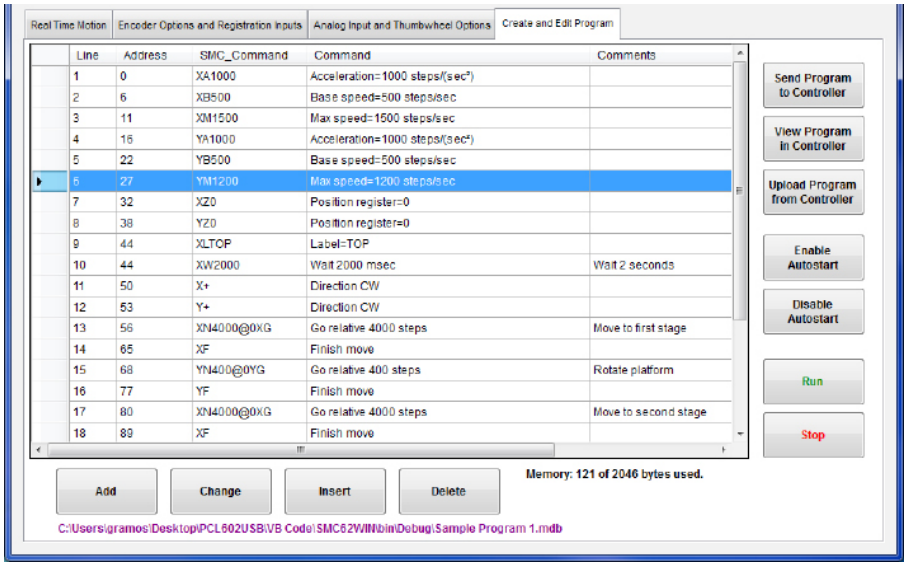
With the created and edit program tab sheet selected, the user can obtain the amount of available memory, located to the right of the Delete command button. The DPY30602 has a maximum available memory of 2046 bytes - each instruction can use from 2 to 7 bytes.

Current Program Filename

With the create and edit program tab sheet selected, the user can obtain the current program filename, located in the lower left corner of the SMC62WIN window. All programs created by the SMC62WIN software will have a .mdb and a .bak extension.

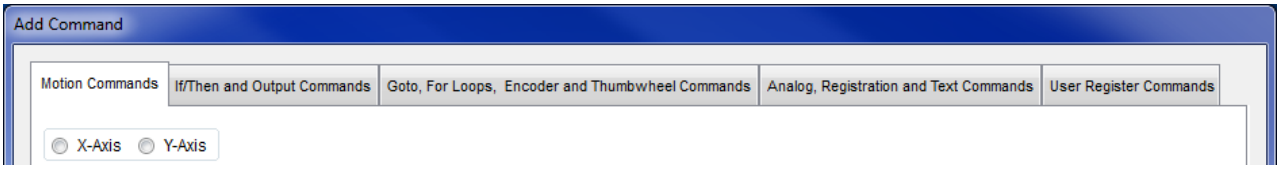
Currently Selected Line

The currently selected line is indicated in the program by the right pointing arrow/triangle in the left column. Clicking on any line will select a new currently selected line.



Add/Change/Insert Commands

The Add/Change/Insert commands contain five different tab sheets, which are “Motion Commands”, “If/Then and Output Commands”, “Goto, For Loops, Encoder and Thumbwheel Commands”, “Analog, Registration and Text Commands”, and “User Register Commands”.

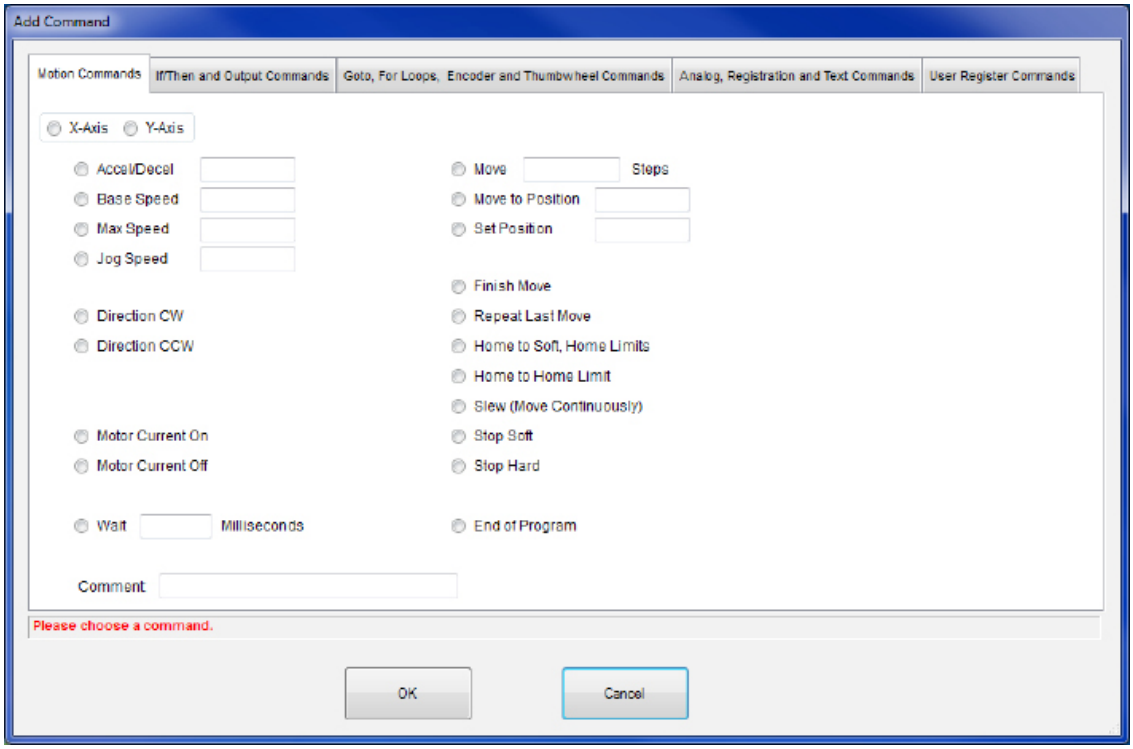


Motion Commands	Software section that allows user to enter speeds, positions, direction, etc.
If/Then and Output Commands	Software section that allows user to manipulate conditional statements and I/0 routines.
Goto, For Loop, Encoder and Thumbwheel Commands	Software section that allows user to manipulate branching and loop routines ,enter encoder parameters and control the thumbwheel switches.
Analog, Regisration and Text Commands	Software section that allow user to enter parameters for analog speed and position limits, index on the fly and output on the fly parameters and text strings to be sent.
User Register Commands	Software section that allows the user to load, increment, decrement, and compare user registers that can be used to control the execcution of the program.
X-Axis / Y-Axis	Selects the axis that is to execute the current command being programmed.

These tab sheets is where the program functions are selected to be added to or to change existing lines of programming code in the Create and Edit Program tab.

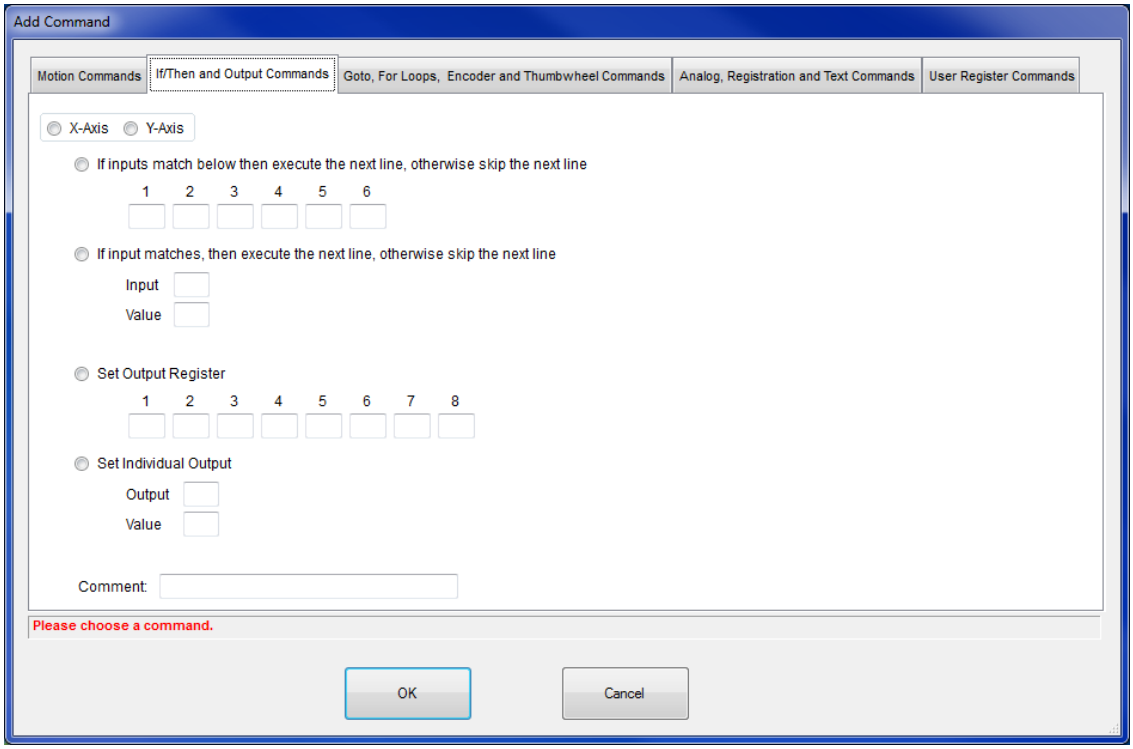
- To add a line of motion control, select appropriate command, and if required, enter the required value for that particular command. Then, click **OK**.
- Comment is optional, for any lines of code.
- The text box above the **OK** and **Cancel** buttons will display useful information about each command.

Add Tab Sheets - Motion Commands



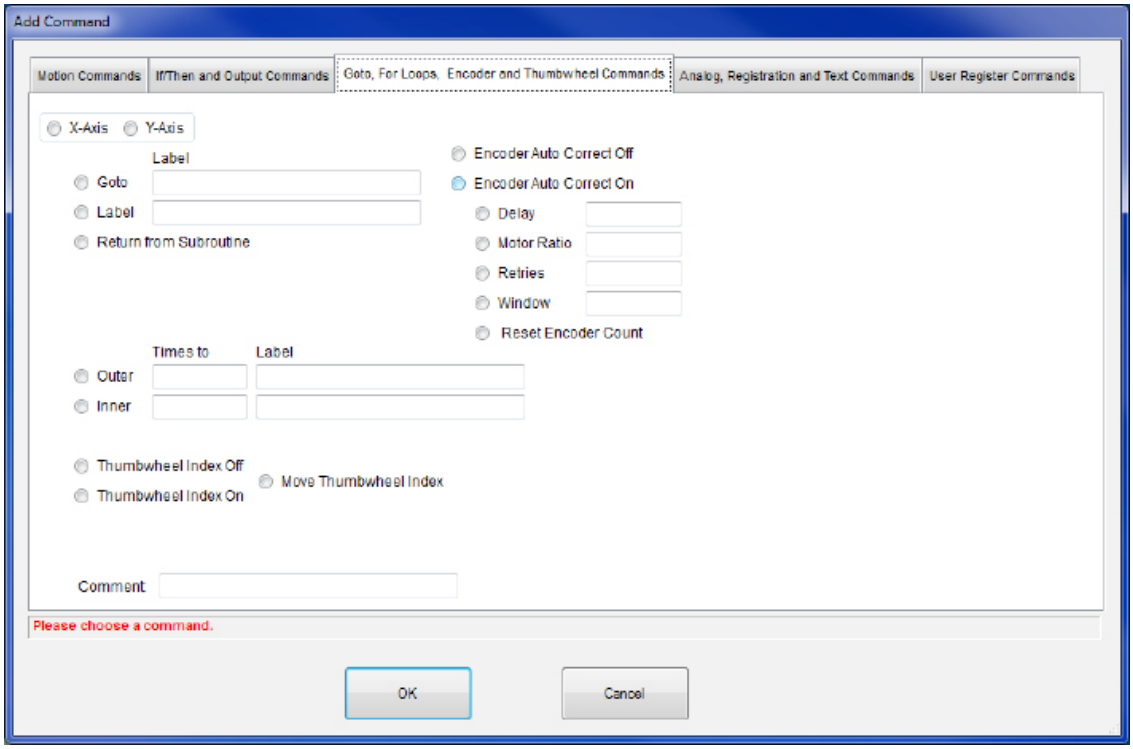
Accel/Decel	Set program acceleration & deceleration parameter. (step/sec^2)
Base Speed	Set program base (start) speed rate. (step/sec)
Max Speed	Set program maximum (running) speed rate. (step/sec)
Set Jog Speed	Set program jogging speed rate. (step/sec)
Set Position	Set motor position.
Direction CW (CCW)	Set direction to clockwise or counter-clockwise.
Motor Current ON (OFF)	Set the current in the motor on or off.
Wait ___ Milliseconds	This command allows the user to enter a delay in milliseconds.
Move ___ Steps	Relative move command will allow motor to move the defined number of steps entered.
Move to Position	Absolute move command will move motor to the position specified.
Set Position	Allows user to change the position register in the controller.
Finish Move	Command will allow any motion command to be completed before continuing to the next line of code. This command should be used after every motion command.
Repeat Last Move	Command will repeat the previous index move. Do not use with encoder autocorrect enabled.
Home to Soft, Home Limits	Command will begin motion in the direction last entered, seeking the soft input first to slow the motor down to base speed, then to stop when the home limit is triggered.
Home to Home Limit	Command will begin motion seeking the home limit which will slow the motor down to base speed, reverse the direction and stop when the home limit is no longer triggered.
Slew (move continuously)	Command will ramp motor up to max speed and keep moving until triggered to stop.
Stop Soft	Ramp motor down to base speed and stop.
Stop Hard	Stop any motor motion immediately.
End of Program	This command is required as the last command in the program code.

Add Tab Sheets - If/Then and Output Commands



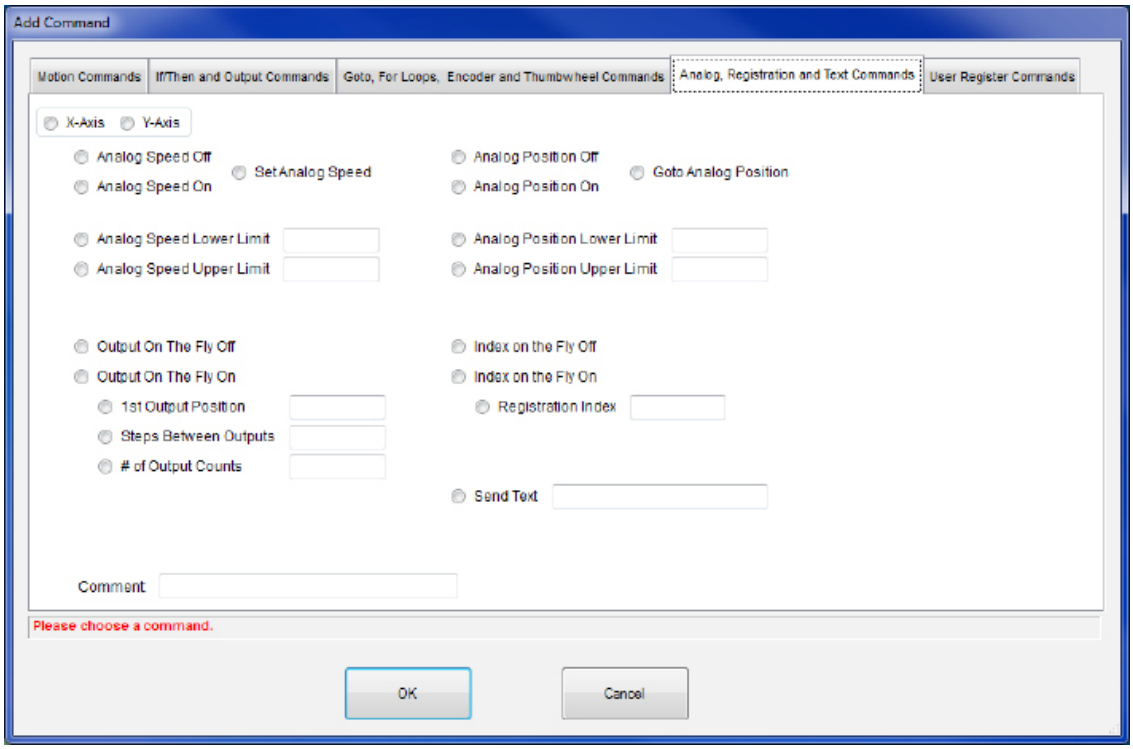
If inputs match below then execute the next line, otherwise skip the next line	This conditional command allows the user to execute the next line of code if the inputs triggered match the given value. If the inputs do not match, the next line is skipped.
If input matches, then execute the next line, otherwise skip the next line	This conditional command allows the user to execute the next line of code if the specific input triggered matches the given value. If the input does not match, the next line is skipped.
Set Outputs	The outputs can be turned (on=1) or (off=0). These outputs can be used to trigger PLC operations, relays, solenoids, etc.

Add Tab Sheets - Goto, For Loops, Encoder and Thumbwheel Commands



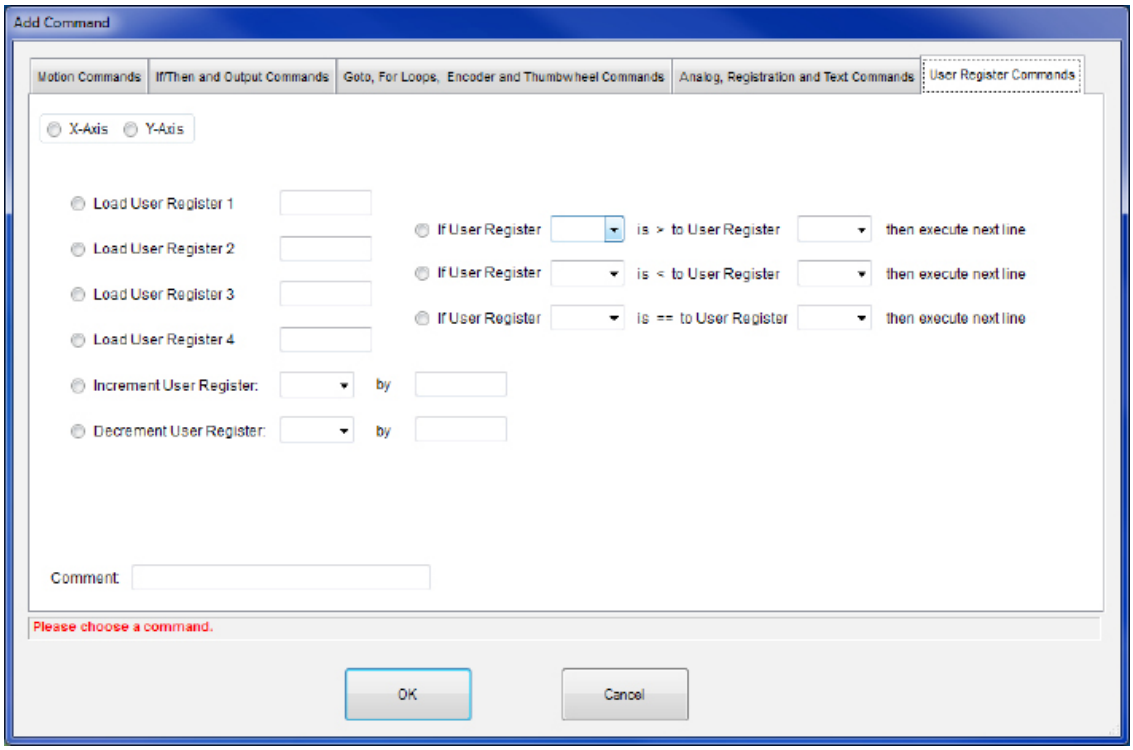
Goto	Command allows the program to jump to the specified label.
Label	Command inserts a label for goto and loop commands.
Return from Subroutine	Command will return to the last goto and execute the next line of code.
Outer Loop	Command allows a sequence of commands to be looped a specific number of times to a label. This label must be before the outer loop command.This command cannot be used within an inner loop.
Inner Loop	Command allows a sequence of commands to be looped a specific number of times to a label. This label must be before the inner loop command. This command can be used within an outer loop.
Thumbwheel Index Off	Command will disable the ability to use the thumbwheel switches to index.
Thumbwheel Index On	Command allows the user to use the thumbwheel index. Switch 2 must be in the thumb-wheel position for the thumbwheel to be enabled.
Move Thumbwheel Index	Relative move command will allow motor to move the defined number of steps set by the thumbwheel switches.
Encoder Auto Correct Off	Command will disable the autocorrect of the motor. The encoder value can still be read.
Encoder Auto Correct On	Command will enable the use of the encoder and autocorrect the motor if needed, based on the encoder registers.
Delay	Command sets a time delay used for settling time needed after an index is finished: The delay occurs before the encoder count is read.
Motor Ratio	Command sets the number of encoder counts to one motor step.
Retries	Command sets the number of times the motor can autocorrect itself before erroring. When the autocorrect errors, Output 8 will be triggered.
Window	Command sets the number of encoder counts the motor is allowed to be off.
Reset Encoder Count	Command will reset the encoder count to 0 (zero).

Add Tab Sheets - Analog, Registration and Text Commands



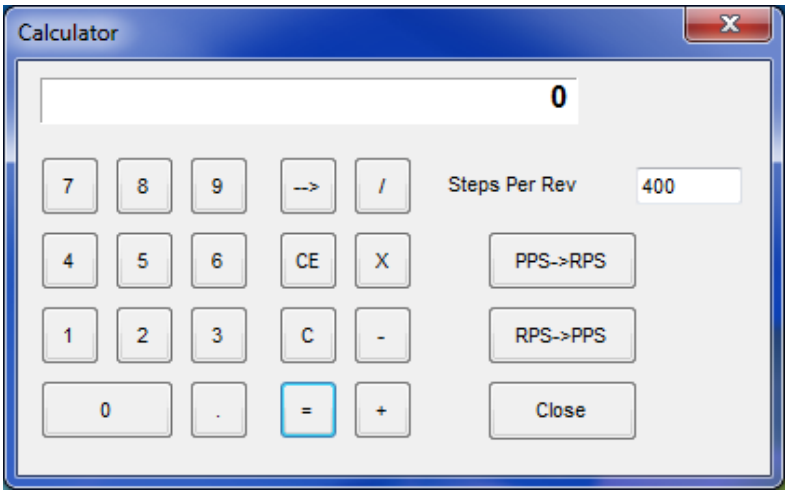
Analog Speed On (Off)	Sets the analog speed input feature on or off.
Set Analog Speed	Sets the maximum (running) speed based on the analog input.
Analog Speed Lower Limit	Sets the analog speed lower limit to the value specified.
Analog Speed Upper Limit	Sets the analog speed upper limit to the value specified.
Analog Position On (Off)	Sets the analog position input feature on or off.
Goto Analog Position	Motor will move to the position based on the analog input.
Analog Position Lower Limit	Sets the analog position lower limit to the value specified.
Analog Position Upper Limit	Sets the analog position upper limit to the value specified.
Output on the Fly On (Off)	Sets the output on the fly feature on or off.
1st Output Position	Sets the position that the 1st output will trigger during and index.
Steps Between Outputs	Sets the number of steps between the triggered output.
# of Output Counts	Set the number of times the output will trigger.
Index on the Fly On (Off)	Sets the index on the fly feature on or off.
Registration Index	Sets the value of the index that will occur after the registration input is activated.
Send Text	Will send the entered text string back to the user. (20 characters maximum)

Add Tab Sheets - User Register Commands



Load User Register	Loads the given value into the specified user register.
Increment User Register	Increments the specified user register by the given value and stores the new value into that same user register.
Decrement User Register	Decrements the specified user register by the given value and stores the new value into the same user register.
If User Register A > User Register B	If the value in User Register A is greater than the value User Register B, then the next line of code is excuted; otherwise, the next line of code is skipped.
If User Register A < User Register B	If the value in User Register A is less than the value in User Register B, then the next line of code is executed; otherwise, the next line of code is skipped.
If User Register A == User Register B	If the value in User Register A is equal to the value in User Register B, then the next line of code is executed: otherwise, the next line of code is skipped.

Calculator



PPS->RPS	Convert from pulses per second to revolution per second.
RPS->PPS	Convert from revolution per second to pulses per second.
Steps Per Rev	Enter the number of steps per revolution of the step motor. The default is for a 200 step/rev motor in half step, which is equal to 400.
Close	Exit the Calculator.

Section 5: Direct Talk Mode

Direct mode is used to directly control motion for real time movements through serial communication. The DPY30602 controller has 40 commands, which are easy to remember for direct movement of a step motor.

COM Port Settings

Baud Rate: 38400
Data Bits: 8
Parity: None
Stop Bits: 1
Flow Control: Xon/Xoff

Unit and Axis Selection

In order to select a unit, the @ command followed by the address of the unit must be sent. Then, in order to select the axis, the 'X' or 'Y' character must follow.
NOTE: There should be no spaces between any of the characters.

How to select a unit and axis:

@0X (Unit 0, X-axis)
@0Y (Unit 0, Y-axis)
@13X (Unit 13, X-axis)
@13Y (Unit 13, Y-axis)

How to get a response from a unit:

@0XS(Carriage Return)
@0XVO(Carriage Return)

Note: All commands aside from "E", "V", and "I" commands are not axis dependent; therefore, the axis character can be omitted, to send the command to both X and Y axis. In direct talk mode, each command is followed by a carriage return.

The unit communicates in half duplex mode, therefore proper setup of hyper terminal is necessary to view characters, if characters are to be echoed back to the screen.

Instructions

All instructions require that no spaces be sent between the command and the parameter followed by a carriage return.

@0 not @ 0 correct: @0X$(carriage return)
incorrect: @ 0 X $(carriage return)

A - Acceleration/Deceleration
B - Base speed
C - Steps between outputs
D - 1st output on the fly position
EA - Encoder autocorrect enabled
ED - Encoder delay
EM - Encoder motor ratio
ER - Encoder retries
ET - Encoder reset
EW - Encoder window
G - Go number of steps
H - Home
I - Read inputs
J- Jog speed
M - Max speed
N - Number of steps
O - Set outputs
P - Absolute position
S - Go slew
T - Motor current enabled
V - Verify
Z - Position
! - Error codes register
$ - Version number
% - Verify axis number
‘ - Index on the fly enabled
(- Output on the fly enabled
+ - Clockwise direction
, - Stop soft
- - Counterclockwise direction
. - Stop hard
/ - Thumbwheel enabled
: - Analog position enabled
; - Analog speed enabled
[- Analog speed lower limit
] - Analog speed upper limit
^ - Number of outputs
{ - Analog position lower limit
} - Analog position upper limit
~ - Set address of DPY30602

A - Acceleration/Deceleration

Format: A[value]

Description: This command sets the acceleration profile which is an integer value between 100 and 9,999,999. The higher the value, the faster the motor acceleration.

Range: 100 - 9,999,999

B - Base speed

Format: B[value]

Description: This command sets the base (start) speed for motion. This value must be set before motion begins and be less then the maximum speed and jog speed.

Range: 1 - 5,000

C - Number of steps between outputs during output on the fly

Format: C[value]

Description: This command sets the number of steps between when output 1 turns on during an output on the fly move. If only one output turn on is needed, set this value to 0. This command is used in conjunction with the output on the fly enabled “(“ command.

Range: 0 - 65,535

D - 1st Output on the fly position

Format: D[value]

Description: This command sets the position at which output 1 will turn on during an output on the fly move. This command is used in conjunction with the output on the fly enabled “(“ command.

Range: 0 - 65,535

EA - Encoder autocorrect enabled

Format: EA[0 or 1]

Description: This command will either enable or disable the encoder autocorrect function. To enable the function use a 1, to disable the function use a 0. When this function is enabled, the relative register is used to calculate the encoder position, therefore before the next move is made, the relative register needs to be set. This command is used in conjunction with the encoder delay “ED”, encoder ratio “EM”, encoder retries “ER” and encoder window “EW” commands.

ED - Encoder delay

Format: ED[value]

Description: This command sets the wait time a specified number of milliseconds after a relative index or absolute move is finished, before reading the encoder. This is used to remove the ringing that might be associated with the mechanics of the system. This command is used in conjunction with the encoder autocorrect “EA” command.

Range: 0 - 65,535

EM - Encoder motor ratio

Format: EM[value]

Description: This represents the ratio for the number of encoder pulses to one motor step. An example is for a 1000 line quadrature encoder and a 400 step/revolution motor, the motor ratio is (1000 * 4) / 400 = 10. This command is used in conjunction with the encoder autocorrect EA command.

Range: 1 - 255

ER -Encoder retries

Format: ER[value]

Description: This is the number of times the DPY30602 controller will try to autocorrect the motor before erroring. This command is used in conjunction with the encoder autocorrect EA command. When the autocorrect errors, Output 8 will be triggered.

Range: 0 - 255

ET - Encoder reset

Format: ET

Description: This command will reset the internal encoder count register to 0.

EW -Encoder window

Format: EW[value]

Description: This is the allowable error in encoder pulses (either plus or minus) from the desired position that is allowed before the motor autocorrects. This command is used in conjunction with the encoder autocorrect EA command.

Range: 0 - 255

G - Go number of steps

Format: G

Description: This command is used to send a set number of clocks out of the DPY30602 controller. An N or P command must be entered before the G command. The ramp profile is specified by the B (base speed), M (max speed), and A (acceleration/ deceleration) commands.

H - Home

Format: H[0 or 1]

Description:
Home Types: H0: In type 0 homing, the DPY30602 will send clocks until a soft limit is reached, then ramp down to base speed. Clocks will continue at base speed until a home limit is reached. The ramp profile is specified by the B (base speed), M (max speed), and A (acceleration/decelera tion) commands.

H1: In type 1 homing, the DPY30602 will send clocks until a home limit is reached, ramp down to base speed, change directions and run at base speed unit the release of the home limit input. The ramp profile is specified by the B (base speed), M (max speed), and A (acceleration/deceleration) commands.

I - Read inputs

Format 1: IR

Description: This command returns the complemented binary value of the inputs to the PC. The inputs will read as 0 when they are open or high; On the other hand, they will return a 1 when they are grounded. For example; if all inputs are active (grounded), the command will return a 63. If all inputs are inactive (open), the command will return a 0. Input 1 is the LSB and input 6 is the MSB.

Format 2: I[input]

Description: This command returns the binary or logic value of the selected input to the PC. If the input is open or high, it will return a 1. If the input is grounded or low, it will return a 0.

Range: 1 - 6

J - Jog speed

Format: J[value]

Description: This command sets the jog speed. This value must be set before motion begins and be greater than the base speed.

Range: 1 - 50,000

M - Max speed and analog speed

Format 1: M[value]

Description: This command sets the maximum (running) speed for motion. This value must be set before motion begins, and be greater than the base speed.

Range: 1 - 50,000

Format 2: M

Description: This command uses the voltage on input 1 to calculate and set the max speed. The analog speed must be enabled for this command to work. This command is used in conjunction with the analog speed ";", the analog speed lower limit "[", and the analog speed lower limit "]" commands. This value must be set before motion begins.

N - Number of steps

Format 1: N[value]

Description: This command sets the number of clocks for the DPY30602 to send out following a G command. It is also used to set the registration index during and index on the fly move. Motion is not activated by this command; it only sets the index register.

Range: 0 - 8,388,607

Format 2: N

Description: This command reads the thumbwheel switches to set the number of clocks for the DPY30602 to send out following a G command. For this command to work SW2 must be in the TWS position, and the thumbwheel enable bit must be enabled. Motion is not activated by this command, it only sets the index register. This command is used in conjunction with the thumbwheel enabled "/" command.

O - Set outputs

Format 1: OR[value]

Description: This command sets the output register according to the binary value entered. Output 1 is the LSB and output 8 is the MSB.

Range: 0 - 255

Format 2: O[output]=[0 or 1]

Description: This command sets the selected output either on or off. A 1 will turn the output on (0VDC) and a 0 will turn the output off (open).

Range: 0 - 8

P - Absolute position and analog position

Format 1: P[value]

Description: This command calculates and sets the number of clocks for the DPY30602 to send out following a G command. Motion is not activated by this command; it only sets the register. (N = P - Z)

Range: -8,388,607 to +8,388,607

Format 2: P

Description: This command uses the voltage on input 1 to calculate and set the number of clocks for the DPY30602 to send out following a G command. The analog position must be enabled for this command to work. Motion is not activated by this command, it only sets the register (N = P - Z). This command is used in conjunction with the analog position":", the analog position lower limit "{", and the analog position lower limit "}" commands.

S - Go slew

Format: S

Description: This command will send clocks out to the DPY30602. The only commands that can stop the clocks are; "." (stop motion) or "," (soft limit). Motion can also be stopped by using the limit switch inputs. The ramp profile is specified by the B (base speed), M (max speed), and A (acceleration/deceleration) commands.

T - Motor current enabled

Format: T[0 or 1]

Description: This command will control the On/Off output, which is designed to connect to the on/off input of Anaheim Automation's step motor drivers. To energize and allow current to flow through the coil of the motor, set the value to 1. To de-energize and turn the current off to the motor, set the value to 0. This is a dedicated output, and not controlled with the output register.

V - Verify

Format: V[command]

Description: This command can be used with most commands to verify the register contents. This is a read only command. Valid Commands are shown below.

Command	Description	Command	Description
A	Verify acceleration/deceleration	O	Verify outputs
B	Verify base speed	T	Verify motor current (1 is on, 0 is off)
C	Verify steps between outputs on the fly	Z	Verify position
D	Verify 1st output on the fly position	‘	Verify index on the fly enabled**
EA	Verify encoder autocorrect enabled**	(	Verify output on the fly enabled**
ED	Verify encoder delay	+	Verify Direction
EM	Verify encoder motor ratio	/	Verify thumbwheel index enabled**
EP	Verify encoder position	:	Verify analog position enabled**
ER	Verify encoder retries	;	Verify analog speed enabled**
EW	Verify encoder window	[	Verify lower analog speed value
F	Verify if controller is busy	]	Verify upper analog speed value
J	Verify jog speed	^	Verify number of outputs
L	Verify Limits (Hard-Bit 0, Soft-Bit 1)	{	Verify lower analog position value
M	Verify max speed	}	Verify upper analog position value
N	Verify number of steps		** 1 is enabled, 0 is disabled

Z - Position

Format: Z[value]

Description: This command sets the current position as a reference. This register can contain a positive or negative value but, cannot be changed while motion is in progress.

Range: -8,388,607 to +8,388,607

! - Error codes register

Format: !

Description: This command requests the DPY30602 controller to get the current error code and print it to the screen. For a description of the error codes see page 39.

$ - Version number register

Format: $

Description: This command requests the DPY30602 controller to return its internal firmware version number.

% - Verify address register

Format: % (No address is needed before this function. @% will return the address)

Description: This command requests the DPY30602 controller to return its internal address number to the PC or PLC.

‘ - Index on the fly enabled

Format: ‘[0 or 1]

Description: This command will either enable or disable the index on the fly function. To enable the function, use a 1. To disable the function use a 0. This command is used in conjunction with the number of steps “N” and go slew “S” commands.

(- Output on the fly enabled

Format: ([0 or 1]

Description: This command will either enable or disable the output on the fly function. To enable the function, use a 1. To disable the function use a 0. This command is used in conjunction with the number of steps between outputs “C”, 1st output position “D”, and number of outputs “^” commands.

+ - Clockwise

Format: +

Description: This command sets the direction output to clockwise.

, - Soft Limit Input Bit

Format: ,

Description: This command will ramp the clocks down to base speed. The move type then determines what will happen. In a relative or absolute type motion the DPY30602 controller will continue to the set position and stop. In a slew type motion the DPY30602 controller will ramp down and stop. In a home type motion the DPY30602 controller will ramp down and run at base speed, until the home limit is activated.

- - Counter-Clockwise

Format: -

Description: This command sets the direction output to counterclockwise.

. - Stop Motion

Format: .

Description: This command will stop all motion. It can also be used to stop the current program that is running. **Note** that when this command is sent without an axis (e.g. “@0.”), the device interprets it as an **emergency stop command**, and, therefore, it stops motion on both axes.

/ - Thumbwheel index enabled

Format: /[0 or 1]

Description: This command will either enable or disable the ability to use the thumbwheel switches for indexing. If enable, SW2 must be in the TWS position for the thumbwheel to be connected to the processor.

: - Analog position enabled

Format: :[0 or 1]

Description: This command will either enable or disable input 1 to be used to set the analog position. To enable the function, use a 1. To disable the function use a 0. This command is used in conjunction with the analog position lower limit “{“ and analog position upper limit “}” commands.

; - Analog speed enabled

Format: ;[0 or 1]

Description: This command will either enable or disable input 1 to be used to set the analog speed. To enable the function, use a 1. To disable the function use a 0. This command is used in conjunction with the analog speed lower limit “[“ and analog speed upper limit “]” commands.

[- Analog speed lower limit

Format: [[value]

Description: This command sets the lower limit that is used during the calculation following an M command for the analog speed input. This command is used in conjunction with the analog speed enabled “;” and max speed “M” commands.

Range: 1 - 50,000

] - Analog speed upper limit

Format:][value]

Description: This command sets the upper limit that is used during the calculation following an M command for the analog speed input. This command is used in conjunction with the analog speed enabled ";" and max speed "M" commands.

Range: 1 - 50,000

^ - Number of outputs during output on the fly

Format: ^[value]

Description: This command sets the number of times output 1 will turn on during an output on the fly move. This command is used in conjunction with the output on the fly enabled "(" command.

Range: 0 - 255

{ - Analog position lower limit

Format: {[value]

Description: This command sets the lower limit that is used during the calculation following a P command for the analog position input. This command is used in conjunction with the analog position enable ":" and absolute position "P" commands.

Range: 0 - 65,535

} - Analog position upper limit

Format: }[value]

Description: This command sets the upper limit that is used during the calculation following a P command for the analog position input. This command is used in conjunction with the analog position enable ":" and absolute position "P" commands.

Range: 0 - 65,535

~ - Set address register

Format: ~[value] (No address is needed before this function. @~[value] will set the address)

Description: This command sets the address for communication inside the DPY30602 controller.

Range: 0 - 99

Section 6: Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting

Problem:

Can not establish communications with the DPY30602.

Possible Solutions:

1. Make sure the DPY30602 unit has power. Is the controller's Green LED on?
2. Check USB connection.
3. Check for loose cable connection either on the DPY30602 controller or COM Port.
4. Was the software installed successfully?
5. Go to **Setup**│**Com Port Settings** and verify COM Port settings.
6. Go to **Setup**│**Axis** and verify address settings are the same.
7. Click on **Setup** │**Connect** icon to communicate with the DPY30602 controller.
8. If problems still exist, contact Anaheim Automation Tech Support.

Anaheim Automation, Inc. Tech Support:	4985 E Landon Drive Anaheim, CA, 92807 Phone: (714) 992-6990 Fax: (714) 992-0471 www.anaheimautomation.com

Problem:

There is no power to the DPY30602 controller.

Possible Solutions:

1. Is the DPY30602 controller connected to the appropriate power supply?
2. Check for any blown fuses in line with the DPY30602 controller.
3. If problems still exist, contact Anaheim Automation, Inc. Tech Support.

Problem:

My program won't "Autostart".

Possible Solutions:

1. Verify that the Autostart Function has been enabled.
2. Go to **Setup**│ **Autostart Program** and Click on **Enable**.
3. If problems still exist, contact Anaheim Automation Tech Support.

Problem:

The DPY30602 controller has a fault condition.

Possible Solutions:

1. Verify your program for improper syntax that may cause an error code.
2. Physically press the reset button on the DPY30602 to clear an error.
3. Another way to clear an error is by using either the SMC62WIN software or the direct mode command instructions set.
4. The SMC62WIN can clear an error in the real time motion tab section by clicking on the verify parameters button.
5. The direct mode command "!" can clear an error by simply prompting the error code register to return the value back to the PC or PLC.

Note: Read the Error returned to the screen to better understand what can be causing the fault condition. The error is return in binary coded decimal format. If two errors were received, their binary values would be added together.

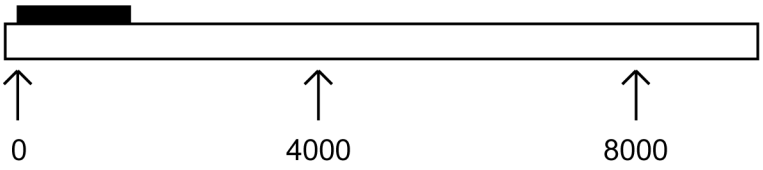
Error Codes

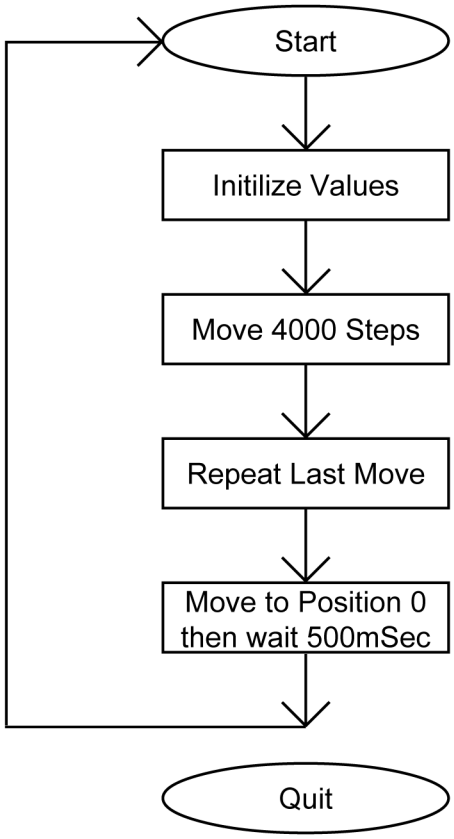
Error Code	Type	Description
1	Receive Overflow Error	The serial communications had a receiving error. This is an internal error caused by the computer.
2	Encoder Error 1	The encoder needed to correct the index.
4	Encoder Error 2	The encoder could not finish the index. Output 8 is set with this error.
8	Command Error	A bad command was sent to the controller. Please check to see that the command being sent is valid.
16	Motor Error	Motor speed profiles are set incorrectly. Please make sure that the base speed is less than the max speed and that the speeds are within their valid ranges.
32	Range Overflow Error	The go to position has an overflow error. This is caused by the P command trying to find a position that is out of its range.
64	Range Error	There was an invalid number of commands and characters sent to the controller. Check to see if the parameters are invalid for the command that was sent.
128	Transmit Error	To many parameters sent back to the PC. This is an internal error caused by the EEProm.
256	Mode Error	Controller is in a wrong mode. Some commands are good only in programming mode, while others are good only in direct mode. Check the direct mode section to see which commands are good in direct mode.
512	Zero Parameters Error	There were no parameters sent to the controller. A command was sent to the controller that expected to see parameters after the command.
1024	Busy Error	The controller is busy indexing. The controller is sending out clocks to the driver and can not execute the next instruction.
2048	Memory Range Error	The specified address is out of range. This is caused by overflowing the program memory by having a program that is to large.
4096	Memory Command Error	The command pulled from memory is invalid. The command that was stored into the EEProm was non-executable by the program. This is an internal error.
8192	Thumbwheel Read Error	There was an error reading the thumbwheel or the thumbwheel is not present.

Section 7: Sample Programs

Sample Program 1:

Sample Program 1 illustrates a typical application where a system moves to a specific position required. The sample program shows how to use motion and go to instruction commands.

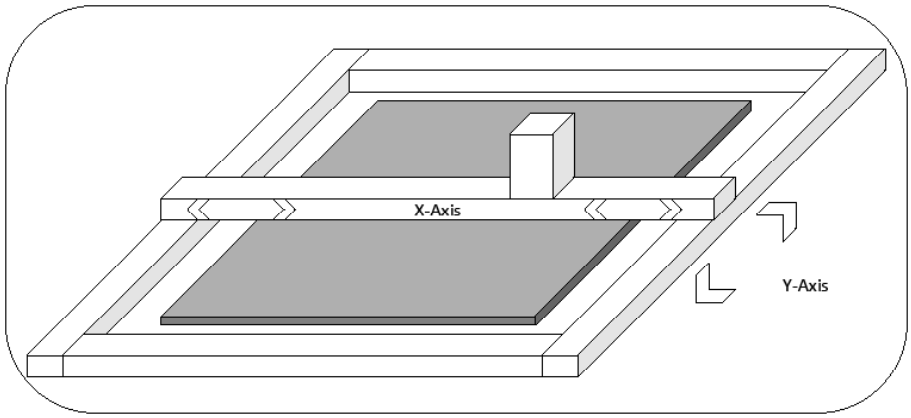




Line	Command	Comments
1	Acceleration=1000 steps/(sec*sec)	
2	Base speed=500 steps/sec	
3	Max speed=5000 steps/sec	
4	Position register=0	
5	Label=TOP	
6	Direction CW	
7	Go relative 4000 steps	Move to 1st position
8	Finish move	
9	Repeat last index	Move to 2nd Position
10	Finish move	
11	Go to position 0	Return to Zero Position
12	Wait 500 msec	Wait 0.5 Seconds
13	Goto TOP	Repeat moves
14	End of program	

Sample Program 2:

Sample Program 2 illustrates the implementation of a two-dimensional motion system with a range of 10,000 steps on either axis. The DPY30602 will be programmed to home upon power. After receiving a pulse on one of its inputs, it will go to a position specified in the program where it will activate one of its outputs to let the drill head of the system know that it must perform its operation. Once the drill operation is complete, it will home back to its (0,0) coordinate and wait for a pulse on one of its inputs.



Line	Address	SMC_Command	Command	Comments
1	0	XA1000	X axis >> Acceleration=1000 steps/(sec²)	
2	6	XM1000	X axis >> Max speed=1000 steps/sec	
3	11	YA1000	Y axis >> Acceleration=1000 steps/(sec²)	
4	17	YM1000	Y axis >> Max speed=1000 steps/sec	
5	22	LTOP	Label=TOP	
6	22	X-	X axis >> Direction CCW	
7	25	Y-	Y axis >> Direction CCW	
8	28	XH1	X axis >> Home type 1 (home limit switch only)	Home x-axis
9	32	YH1	Y axis >> Home type 1 (home limit switch only)	Home y-axis
10	36	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
11	39	YF	Y axis >> Finish move	
12	42	LWAIT	Label=WAIT	
13	42	&10	If input 1=0, then execute the next line	
14	47	XWAIT	Goto WAIT	wait for the input signal
15	52	X+	X axis >> Direction CW	
16	55	Y+	Y axis >> Direction CW	
17	58	XN6455@0XG	X axis >> Go relative 6455 steps	x-coordinate = 6455
18	67	YN8760@0YG	Y axis >> Go relative 8760 steps	y-coordinate = 8760
19	76	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
20	79	YF	Y axis >> Finish move	
21	82	XO1=1	X axis >> Set Output 1=1	Activate drill head
22	86	W6500	Wait 6500 msec	Drill operation lasts 6.5 se
23	92	XO1=0	X axis >> Set Output 1=0	Deactivate drill head
24	96	XTOP	Goto TOP	Loop back to beginning
25	101	Q	End of program	

Sample Program 3:

Sample Program 3 illustrates the setup and operation of the output on the fly function, and the use of the if/then statement. In this sample program, the DPY30602 is to be used as a single-axis controller with the X-axis being the only axis used. The system is first homed using home type 0, waits for input 1 to be a value of 0 (grounded) and then is indexed 10,000 steps. During this index, output 1 needs to be turned on every 1000 steps 5 times starting at position 2000. At the end of the index, output 1 is then turned on again for 1 mS and the unit is then sent back the 10,000 steps to position 0, but the output should not be turned on. The unit then repeats waiting for input 1 to be 0 and indexes again.

Line	Address	SMC_Command	Command	Comments
1	0	XA1000	X axis >> Acceleration=1000 steps/(sec²)	
2	6	XB500	X axis >> Base speed=500 steps/sec	
3	11	XM5000	X axis >> Max speed=5000 steps/sec	
4	16	X-	X axis >> Direction CCW	
5	19	XH0	X axis >> Home type 0 (soft and home switch)	
6	23	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
7	26	XZ0	X axis >> Position register=0	
8	32	XD2000	X axis >> Output on at position=2000	
9	37	XC1000	X axis >> Steps between outputs=1000 steps	
10	42	X^5	X axis >> # of output counts=5	
11	46	LTOP	Label=TOP	
12	46	&11	If input 1=1, then execute the next line	Check input 1
13	51	XTOP	Goto TOP	Loop to TOP
14	56	X(1	X axis >> Enable output on the fly	
15	60	X-	X axis >> Direction CCW	
16	63	XN10000@0XG	X axis >> Go relative 10000 steps	
17	72	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
18	75	XO1=1	X axis >> Set Output 1=1	Turn on Output 1
19	79	W1	Wait 1 msec	
20	85	XO1=0	X axis >> Set Output 1=0	Turn off Output 1
21	89	X(0	X axis >> Disable output on the fly	
22	93	XP0@0XG	X axis >> Go to position 0	
23	99	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
24	102	XTOP	Goto TOP	
25	107	Q	End of program	

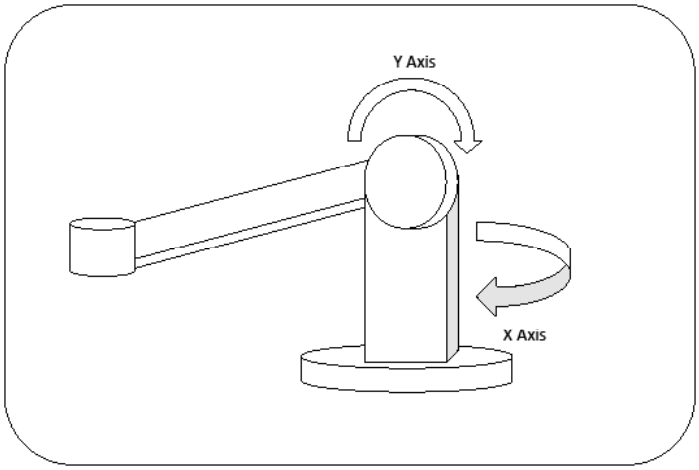
Sample Program 4:

Sample Program 4 illustrates the setup of the analog speed function and the use of “indexing-on-the-fly.” In this sample program, only the X-axis in the DPY30602 is used. The system is first homed using home type 1. The next step is to wait for the input register to read 110111 (input 2 must be high while input 3 is low, all other inputs are not used and input 1 is masked high due to the analog function being used). The third step is to slew using the analog input as the maximum speed between 5000 and 10000 steps/revolution. When input 2 is switched low, the unit will index 2500 more steps and ramp down to base speed and stop. At the end of the index, output 1 will turn on for 100 mS. After the output is turned off the unit will be sent back to position 0. The program then is sent back to repeat itself, waiting for the input register to be 110111 again.

Line	Address	SMC_Command	Command	Comments
1	0	XA1000	X axis >> Acceleration=1000 steps/(sec²)	
2	6	XB500	X axis >> Base speed=500 steps/sec	
3	11	X[5000	X axis >> Analog speed lower limit=5000 steps/sec	
4	16	X]10000	X axis >> Analog speed upper limit=10000 steps/sec	
5	21	X;1	X axis >> Enable analog speed	
6	25	X'1	X axis >> Enable index on the fly	
7	29	X-	X axis >> Direction CCW	
8	32	XH1	X axis >> Home type 1 (home limit switch only)	Home to a physical switch
9	36	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
10	39	XZ0	X axis >> Position register=0	Reset position register
11	45	LTOP	Label=TOP	
12	45	?59	If input register=59, then execute the next line	input 2 high, input 3 low
13	49	XINPUTGOOD	Goto INPUTGOOD	
14	54	XTOP	Goto TOP	
15	59	LINPUTGOOD	Label=INPUTGOOD	
16	59	XM	X axis >> Get max speed from analog input	
17	64	XN2500	X axis >> Registration index=2500 steps	
18	70	X+	X axis >> Direction CW	
19	73	XS	X axis >> Slew	
20	76	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
21	79	XO1=1	X axis >> Set Output 1=1	Turn on Output 1
22	83	W100	Wait 100 msec	
23	89	XO1=0	X axis >> Set Output 1=0	Turn off Output 1
24	93	XP0@0XG	X axis >> Go to position 0	
25	99	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
26	102	XTOP	Goto TOP	
27	107	Q	End of program	

Sample Program 5:

Sample Program 5 illustrates a two-axis application using the DPY30602 to control a pick and place arm. The DPY30602 will first take both axes to their respective origins by using home switches. Then the controller will move the arm to the pick-up position, and then it will set one of its outputs to activate the pick-up mechanism at the end of the arm. The controller will lift the arm and move it to the desired location. The output will be set to zero to deactivate the pick-up mechanism, thus placing the item at that location.



Line	Address	SMC_Command	Command	Comments
1	0	XA1000	X axis >> Acceleration=1000 steps/(sec²)	
2	6	XM1200	X axis >> Max speed=1200 steps/sec	
3	11	YA1000	Y axis >> Acceleration=1000 steps/(sec²)	
4	17	YM1200	Y axis >> Max speed=1200 steps/sec	
5	22	LSTART	Label=START	
6	22	X-	X axis >> Direction CCW	
7	25	Y-	Y axis >> Direction CCW	
8	28	YH1	Y axis >> Home type 1 (home limit switch only)	Home y-axis/move arm up
9	32	YF	Y axis >> Finish move	
10	35	XH1	X axis >> Home type 1 (home limit switch only)	Home x-axis
11	39	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
12	42	XZ0	X axis >> Position register=0	
13	48	YZ0	Y axis >> Position register=0	
14	54	W1500	Wait 1500 msec	Wait 1.5 secs
15	60	YP855@0YG	Y axis >> Go to position 855	Move arm down
16	66	YF	Y axis >> Finish move	
17	69	XO1=1	X axis >> Set Output 1=1	Pick up object
18	73	W750	Wait 750 msec	Wait for pick up
19	79	YP200@0YG	Y axis >> Go to position 200	Lift object
20	85	YF	Y axis >> Finish move	
21	88	XP1260@0XG	X axis >> Go to position 1260	Move to destination
22	94	XF	X axis >> Finish move	
23	97	YP855@0YG	Y axis >> Go to position 855	Lower object
24	103	YF	Y axis >> Finish move	
25	106	XO1=0	X axis >> Set Output 1=0	Place object down
26	110	W200	Wait 200 msec	Wait for release
27	116	XSTART	Goto START	Repeat procedure
28	121	Q	End of program	

Appendix 1: ASCII Table for Direct Mode

ASCII Symbol	Hex Value	ASCII Symbol	Hex Value	ASCII Symbol	Hex Value
0	30	J	4A	#	23
1	31	K	4B	$	24
2	32	L	4C	%	25
3	33	M	4D	“	27
4	34	N	4E	(	28
5	35	O	4F	+	2B
6	36	P	50	,	2C
7	37	Q	51	-	2D
8	38	R	52	.	2E
9	39	S	53	:	3A
A	41	T	54	;	3B
B	42	U	55	@	40
C	43	V	56	[	5B
D	44	W	57	]	5D
E	45	X	58	^	5E
F	46	Y	59	{	7B
G	47	Z	5A	}	7D
H	48	Carriage Return	0D	~	7E
I	49	!	21		

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